THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD

VOL. XXXII., NO. 292. PORTSMOUTH, N. H., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1917. Portsmouth Daily Republican Merged with THE HERALD, July 1, 1902. PRICE TWO CENTS

TWO HUNDRED MEXICAN SOLDIERS DROWN

Were Being Transported On Government Vessel

(By Associated Press)

Los Angeles, Cal., Sept. 6.—According to advices received here this morning 200 Mexican soldiers were drowned in the Gulf of California by the capsizing of a government vessel. The soldiers were being transported on barges towed by a tug. The barges were laden with military equipment, including horses. The boat capsized opposite Point Isabelle, La., and the men were bound for Bola in the Sonora district. The accident occurred during a squall which prevented the tug from rescuing the soldiers.

EFFORTS TO SMASH FRENCH LINE CONTINUE

(By Associated Press)

Paris, Sept. 6.—The Germans delivered two savage attacks on the Aisne front this morning and they were both repelled by the French, says today's official statement. Heavy artillery fighting has been going on in the Champagne and Verdun fronts.

ITALIANS TAKE PRISONERS IN TERRIFIC BATTLE

(By Associated Press)

Rome, Sept. 6.—Desperate battles are going on for positions northeast of Gorgisa on the Austrian front, according to official advices today.

The Italians have taken 500 prisoners in this section and 200 in the Borespovonna valley. Fighting of a desperate character is being waged.

GERMANS HIT HOSPITALS IN LONDON RAIDS

(By Associated Press)

London, Sept. 6.—It has been announced that on the raids made Sept. 4 or 5, the German airships attacked three hospitals.

1500 OFFICERS ASSIGNED TO DUTY AT AYER

(By Associated Press)

Ayer, Sept. 6.—Fifteen hundred New England officers made at Plattsburg reported today and they will command and drill the 6000 men from northern New York state. They were assigned by Maj. Harry Hodges to their duties in connection with the 76th Division of the National army. The regular system of drill will not be inaugurated before Saturday. Another one per cent 400, men, arrived during the day. The five percent ordered will arrive on Saturday.

WILL TAKE THE DEPOSITIONS IN THE COWLES CASE

C. Vernon Speker of Elizabeth City County, Virginia, has been named to take depositions in the Cowles case next month on the petition of Mrs. Florence Cowles, who seeks the absolute custody of the two children.

AMERICANS MAY WEAR FOREIGN DECORATIONS

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Sept. 6.—Senator Lodge's bill permitting Americans to wear foreign decorations has been favorably reported. It is claimed that members of the Lafayette flying corps have refused to serve under General Pershing because of his order forbidding these men to display their decorations.

STILL HIKING WITH TEUTONS IN PURSUIT

(By Associated Press.)

Petrograd, Sept. 6—The Russians are continuing their retirement northeast of Riga via the Hellpe river with the Germans in pursuit.

POPE WILL MAKE NO FURTHER OVERTURES

(By Associated Press.)

Copenhagen, Sept. 6.—A Berlin dispatch states that there is no truth in the report that Pope Benedict is to forward a second Peace note.

PRESIDENT INSPECTS AMERICAN CAMP

(By Associated Press.)

Paris, Sept. 6.—President Poncaire of France and prominent generals inspected the American training camp this morning. They were received by General Pershing and staff.

MAINE HOTEL DESROYED BY FIRE

(By Associated Press.)

Heron Harbor, Me., Sept. 6.—The hotel Mandockwader situated on the Damariscotta river was destroyed by fire last night. Loss $10,000. The three guests were rescued with all the help.

LYNN SHOE MFG'S REFUSE TO TRFAT WITH UNION

Small Prospect of Early Resumption of Work

(By Associated Press)

Lynn, Sept. 6.—The Lynn shoe manufacturers association have announced that they will have no dealings with the B. S. W. Union. When a sufficient number of men signify their willingness to go to work operations will commence. The association says it will treat with the Federation of Labor. Many former employes have written that they will report when called. There is little prospect now of an early resumption of service.

SUGGESTS CONGRESS ADJOURN

(By Associated Press)

Washington, Sept. 6.—President Wilson has written several Congressmen urging that Congress pass the needed legislation and return to their homes. He says the members could do good work at home enlightening their constituents on their duty during the war. It is urged that Congress should adjourn by Oct. 1. It is understood that the President will not use any pressure but simply sets forth his views.

DISEASE SPREADING OVER GERMANY

(By Associated Press.)

Copenhagen, Sept. 6.—According to [illegible] Berlin there has been an increase of 54 of cases of tuberculosis during the past month. There is also a marked increase in other diseases. Still further increase is expected with the arrival of cold weather. Great alarm is felt.

SAILOR DOING THE BOOTLEGGING ACT

Caught Passing Booze in Civilian Clothes to Another Jackie.

Henry Graver, a sailor on the U. S. S. Seattle, took a hand at bootlegging on Wednesday night and was arrested on Market street while he was delivering the goods. Graver was dressed in civilian clothes and had purchased the booze for another Jackie waiting outside.

Patrolman Mulholland made the arrest and for a while it looked as if the other sailors and Graver were going to make trouble with the officer. The federal authorities were notified and Graver was taken to Concord today for a hearing before the United State commissioner.

OVER 10,000 KILLED ON RAILWAYS IN 1916

Washington, Sept. 6.—Ten thousand and one persons were killed by railroads during the year 1016, and 196,722 injured in the United States, according to the report of the International Commerce Commission. Of the number killed only 291 were passengers, 8008 being employes. The report shows a large increase over 1915.

FECHNER SPEAKS TO STRIKERS

Concord, Sept. 5—Robert Fechner of Boston, general chairman of the Federated Crafts, to which the strikers at the Boston and Maine railroad shops belong, was here tonight and addressed the Concord men. President [illegible] low of the local union presided at the meeting, which was largely attended.

Mr. Fechner reviewed the conditions leading up to the strike, saying that a smaller increase than the men considered fair was accepted last May, on the assurance from General Manager Pollock that if the war business as was anticipated, should yield bigger revenues to the road, that the wage increases asked for would be granted. He said that, while the men are not financiers or expert accountants, they, in common with everybody else, can see that the business of the road is larger than ever before in the history of the system.

He said that in the conference with Mr. Pollock, the latter said the railroad was forced to pay $400,000 a month increase in the cost of coal. Replying to questions as to where the money came from, if the road was in such precarious finanvial condition, Mr. Pollock said they had to raise it in order to operate the road. He was unable, however, Mr. Fechner declared to see his way clear to raising the $600,000 a year additional which the increase in pay for the shopmen would reach.

Conferences coming to nothing, Mr. Fechner said, the strike was the only alternative.

MONTREAL DYNAMITER CONFESSES

Says He Was Ordered to Place Bombs

(By Associated Press)

Montreal, Sept. 6.—Joseph Tremblay, one of the men arrested in connection with the dynamite plots, has confessed, it was officially announced today. He said he was ordered to place the bombs and forced to do so by Handfield, who committed suicide. Montelle, the third dynamiter, is still at large.

GERMANS DRIVE RUSSIANS 40 MILES

(By Associated Press)

Berlin, Sept. 6.—It is announced that 7500 prisoners have been taken in the drive on Riga and 180 large guns. The Russians are continuing their retreat along the Divina river southeast, a distance of 40 miles and have excavated important points along the way.

SAYS WAR WILL CLOSE IN YEAR

(By Associated Press.)

Copenhagen, Sept. 6.—Herr Von Hynderbaus, who has made various predictions on the submarine war has come out with another forecast. He now states that the war will be over before another winter. He says at the outside the war will close within a year. He urges that Germany refrain from drawing other neutrals in.

GERMAN FLEET ARRIVED IN RIGA HARBOR

(By Associated Press)

Petrograd, Sept. 6.—It was semi-officially announced today that a German fleet has arrived in the harbor at Riga and has been operating for the past two days. The fleet has shelled the coast a distance of 60 versts throughout Tuesday, to the north of Ukull, in order to cut the railroad at Venden.

NO TIME TO SPARE.

Visitors to the New Hampshire seashore this week can combine visits to the Portsmouth Fair, the Hampton Beach Carnival and the shipbuilding plant at Newington.—Concord Monitor.

The New Fall Styles are Ready

We cordially invite your inspection of the new fall garments that are arriving daily. These represent the highest in style and quality, and perfection in fit and finish. Beautiful skirts in the new plaids and stripes. Suits that are distinctive in style and color. Warm coats of fine wool fabrics and silky plush, many with collars of fur. The prices are attractive and only a trifle higher than in former years. We suggest that you make selections early.

Geo. B. French Co.

Only One Week More

To Get the Children Ready for School

Children's School Hose in black or white....15c to 39c
Green School Bags....25c and 38c
Writing Pads....5c and 10c
Fine Quality Plaid Ginghams, 32 in. wide.....25c yd.
Children's Ferris Waists....35c, 65c, 90c
Children's Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs....2c each
Children's and Misses' Gingham Dresses, 6 to 14 years....50c to $2.98
Bates Ginghams in plaids, stripes and checks...17c yd.
Pure Silk Hair Ribbons in all widths and colors.

L. E. STAPLES

MARKET STREET

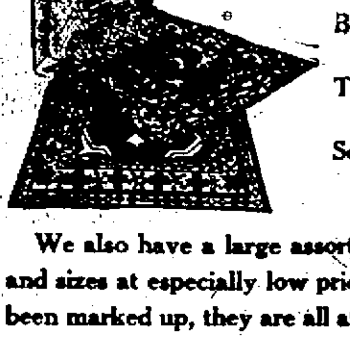
RUG SALE

AT

D. H. McINTOSH'S

For One Week Only

Consisting of the following high grade rugs:



Wiltons, 9x12. From $50 to $100
Axminsters, 9x12 From $25 to $50
Brussels, 9x12 From $25 to $40
Tapestry Brussels, 9x12 From $15 to $25
Scotch Wool, 9x12 From $20 to $25

We also have a large assortment of rugs of all kinds and sizes at especially low prices. These rugs have not been marked up, they are all at the old prices.

This Week Only

D. H. McINTOSH

Cor. Fleet and Congress Sts.

KITTERY

Kittery, Sept. 6.—A supper, which was a big success both socially and financially, was held last evening at the Government Street Methodist vestry, under the auspices of Crystal Chapter, Epworth League. The tables were prettily decorated with bouquets of cut flowers and the menu comprised the following: baked beans, brown bread, salads, pickles, rolls, assorted pies and cakes, and hot coffee. After the supper a social evening was enjoyed. Musical selections were rendered by Mrs. Chester Boulter of Manchester, vocal selections by Mrs. Ethel Seavey Hill of Portsmouth, and there was also singing by all. Ice cream and home made candy were on sale during the evening. Those in charge of the supper and serving were as follows. E. H. Maby, president of the League; Dwight Walker, Miss Eva Lambert, Mrs. A. S. Hearne, Misses Marian Milliken, Clara Dixon, Arvilla Shaw and Hattie Spinney, and Messrs. Charles Shackleton and William Fife.

Mrs. Chester Greenleaf and two daughters, Chestina and Mary, of Cottle's Hill, have returned from a two weeks' visit to their former home in Bath.

St. Aspinquid Tribe of Red Men meets tonight at Sugrue's hall.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Everett Nicholson of Williams avenue are entertaining former's mother from Lynn.

Miss Alice MacDougal of Brooklyn, N. Y., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shackleton of Love lane.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Auringer of Prince avenue motored to Manchester recently.

A business meeting of the Christian Endeavor society will be held this evening at the vestry of the Second Christian church. All members are requested to be present and to furnish candy or peanuts.

Ensign Helga Ohlsson, U. S. N., and wife, and little daughter, who have been guests of Mrs. Ohlsson's father, L. M. Joy of Commercial street, have the former's mother from Lynn, Mass.

Alroy Hussey of Salem, Mass., has been the recent guest of relatives here.

Mrs. A. S. Hearne of Commercial street has been the recent guest of relatives in Haverhill, Mass.

A regular business meeting of the Phoebes will be held on Friday evening at the vestry of the Second Christian church, and plans are to be made for the winter's work. A full attendance of members is desired.

Rev. J. Frank Jenner went to Barnstead, N. H., this morning for a few days' visit.

Mrs. Ira S. Keene, Mrs. Howard Keene and sons Ralph and Russell, Miss Lilla Duncan and Roy D. Keene enjoyed an auto trip to Durham, N. H., on Tuesday.

Miss May Moody and little sister Florence of Otis avenue, passed Wednesday at Hampton Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. George Trefethen have been recent visitors at their camp at Milton, N. H.

Mrs. Dana Cutter of Swampscott, Mass., is the guest of Mrs. John Green of Love lane.

Mr. and Mrs. Earle Chick of the Post Road have been recent visitors in New Castle, N. H.

Charles Spinney of Revere, Mass. has been a recent visitor in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Miles Merry have returned to their home in Bath, after a few days' visit with Mr. and Mrs. George Curtis of Jones avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Cobb have returned to their home in Quincy, Mass., after passing a few days with the latter's mother, Mrs. Martha Kimball of Manson avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Lewis of Wentworth street were recent visitors at Hampton Beach.

Miss Florence Sharman of Medford who has been visiting friends in town is now the guest of friends at North Hampton.

The choir of the Second Christian church will meet for rehearsal on Saturday evening at the vestry, at 8 o'clock.

Miss Annie Quinn returned on Wednesday to her home in Brooklyn, N. Y., after passing several weeks with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Peterson have returned to their home in Whitman, Mass., after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Leon Robbins of Love lane.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Clifford Simpson and J. Albert Stover have returned to their home in New York after a visit with Mrs. Almenia Stover of Pierson street.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lutts and Mrs. Mary Kenney of Malden have returned home after passing a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Adam Lutts of Wentworth street.

The members of the Swastika Club enjoyed an outing at Hampton Beach on Wednesday.

The regular prayer meeting of the North Kittery Methodist church will be held this evening at 8.15 o'clock. The pastor will take for his subject: "Friction in the Christian Life."

MONEY TO LET on real estate, 5 per cent. Inquiries confidential. Address Lock Box 5. a 24, tf.

KITTERY POINT

Kittery Point, Sept. 6.—At the Equal Suffrage League this week the main points in Mrs. Henry Preston White's address will be taken up in detail by Miss Elizabeth Scott. All interested are invited.

The Ladies' Aid of the Baptist church was pleasantly entertained by Mrs. Belle Hoyt, last evening. Refreshments were served.

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Walker have returnedto their home after visiting relatives in Webster, Mass.

Mrs. N. J. Paul returned to her home in Cambridge, Mass., on Wednesday after visiting her daughter, Mrs. Howard Rackliffe.

The Kittery Point Branch in Aid of French Wounded met at the Community House on Wednesday afternoon to sew.

Mrs. Joseph Moulton has returned to her home after passing several weeks out of town.

Miss Idylene Shute of Boston is visiting friends in town.

Lester Tobey is enjoying ten days' vacation at Camp Etna, Etna, Me.

The Ladies' Aid of the First Christian church will meet this evening with Mrs. Millard Emery of Tenney's Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. James Clark and little daughter Dorothea of Dorchester, Mass., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Clark.

The schools in town will open for the fall term Sept. 10.

Hon. Horace Mitchell, who has been quite ill for several days, is reported as being much improved.

Fremont Allen of North Berwick has been a visitor in town on business for several days.

The S. V. Embroidery club met on Friday evening with Miss Gussie Phillips.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Blake and daughter Aithne are enjoying a few days' auto trip to the White mountains.

J. H. Howard and family, A. J. Kyle and family and Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Wells, all of Short Falls, N. H., are occupying the Rollins cottage for a few weeks.

Miss Hattie Pierce of Eliot was the guest of Mrs. Chester Pierce on Wednesday.

Hiram Tobey, Jr., is having two weeks' vacation from his duties at the navy yard.

The Willing Workers are being entertained today by Mrs. Thurston Patch.

MONTGOMERY ROLLINS' BARN BURNED IN DOVER

Dover, N. H., Sept. 5—The large hay barn on Tidewater Farm, the country estate of Montgomery Rollins, a Boston banker, two miles out of the city, was burned with all its contents late this afternoon.

The Dover fire department responded with motor chemical and steamer crews, but the barn was nearly consumed when the firemen arrived. Their efforts were devoted to saving a bungalow occupied by farm help and summer houses nearby, whose roofs caught from flying sparks.

The barn contained nearly 100 tons of hay and other crops. Some of the contents belonged to neighboring farmers, including County Commissioner Lorenzo E. Baer, who lost twenty tons of hay. The origin of the fire was not learned. The barn was nearly new. The loss will probably exceed $4000.

Doan's Regulets are recommended by many who say they operate easily, without griping and without any bad after effects. 30c at all drug stores.

Arthur Dedes
129 Market St.
TELEPHONE NO. 59
WHOLESALE COMMISSION MERCHANT IN
Fruits and Produce
Potatoes, Select Oranges, Grapefruit, Peaches, Pineapples, Bananas, Plums, Pears, Grapes, Melons, Berries
Naval Stores Contractor
Mr. Dedes personally selects these fruits at the Boston and New York markets.
Dealers in Rockingham County, N. H., and York County, Me., will find it to their advantage to buy their Fruits and Country Produce of
Arthur Dedes

PRESERVING
Preserving time is here and now is the time to lay in your winter's supply of food. Don't let vegetables or fruit die on the vines, but put them in glass jars. Following is a partial list of things we sell in the preserving line:
FRUIT JARS—Half pints, pints, quarts and half gallons
The Ideal and Economy are the best two sellers.
JELLY TUMBLERS, JELLY STRAINERS,
GOOD LUCK RUBBERS, ECONOMY TOPS,
PATENT CANNERS,
WIRE RACKS (To be used in a wash boiler)
PAROWAX,
PRESERVING KETTLES.
THE SWEETSER STORE
126-128 Market Street. Tel. 310

Will You Need Coal This Winter
If you do, you can get all sizes now, and be secure against the scarcity that is sure to come. We have good coal, and can deliver it promptly.
Tel. 236 and 237. Cor. State and Water Sts.
C. E. WALKER & CO.

EXETER

Exeter, Sept. 6.—Arthur G. Cooper, son of Capt. Arthur F. Cooper of Lincoln street, by winning the state golf championship at Nashua, Tuesday, makes the second member of the family to hold the honor, for he follows in the footsteps of his father, who won it in 1906, and was also the runner up on two other occasions.

He is the captain-elect of the Phillips Exeter academy golf team for next season, and has been a member of the team for the past three years. He has participated in many matches which the academy team has played with other clubs, and has steadily improved upon his game, having also practiced much with his father. He will be graduated from the academy next June, and will probably enter Dartmouth. Young Cooper takes his honor very modestly and arrived home with his handsome trophy, but could not be prevailed upon to make any public exhibition of it.

The old car barn at Stratham which was put out of use by the passing of the Exeter and Portsmouth Electric car line in 1912, is being taken down.

John H. Amch is making a visit with his sister here before returning to Princeton.

Services will be resumed at the Unitarian church next Sunday, after having been closed during the past two months, the pastor, Rev. Edward Green being at his summer home in Madison.

The first three to be called into service by the draft board of the Second Rockingham county district, William Wagner, Fred R. Tupper, and George H. Stone, all of Derry, were sent away today. They were taken to Windham by Judge H. L. Grinnell of the board, and from there sent to Ayer, Mass. Wagner, who has been in Portsmouth, arrived in Exeter yesterday morning, and was given instructions how to reach the others at either Derry or Windham. The board expects to get an order to send more in a short time, although it has not been officially notified at present.

PHYSICIANS OF U. S. FACE CONSCRIPTION

Bath, Me., Sept. 6—Maj. Charles A. E. Codman, U. S. A., formerly connected with a Philadelphia hospital and widely known there, yesterday declared to a gathering of Sagadahoc County doctors:

"I bring you a message straight from the surgeon general of the U. S. army and you may pass it along to such of your younger brethren as you think need it, that every young doctor in Maine and in all America, between 21 & 31, if he is wise, should at once volunteer for service with the army.

"Failing to do this, as sure as the sun rises, he will be conscripted and in a short time. He will be made to serve as a doctor at the pay, rating and maintenance of a private and will not be given a commission until the surgeon general sees fit to do it."

Maj. Codman made an earnest plea for Bath doctors to sign with the colors. His audience was surprised to hear him announce "eliminating incapacitated men." There are 30,000 physicians in this country now. At this present moment to minister to men abroad, afloat and hurrying to mobilization camps, our army needs 30,000 doctors. One out of every three doctors must hurry to the colors. It is better to go now than to stay at home and explain afterward why you did not go.

"Every medical society of consequence has agreed that two-thirds of the fee from patients of a physician in service, who is attended by the doctor back home, shall go to the family of the man serving his country."

Dr. Codman, visiting eight places in Maine, has signed 33 men as war doctors, but Portland, 70,000 population, gave only six.

Dr. Codman returns to Washington for orders Monday and ended his Maine tour here yesterday.

Any skin itching is a temper tester. The more you scratch the worse it itches. Doan's Ointment is for piles, eczema—any skin itching. 60c at all drug stores.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE
Portsmouth, Dover and York Street Railway.
SUMMER TIME TABLE
In Effect July 2, 1917
(Subject to change without notice)

PORTSMOUTH

For Eliot and Dover—6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55, 10.55, 11.25 a. m. and every half hour until 6.55 p. m. Then 7.55, 8.55 and *10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

*Runs to Rosemary Junction when there are passengers.

For South Berwick—6.55, 7.55 a. m. and every half hour until 9.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

For Kittery and Kittery Point—6.55, 8.55 a. m. and every half hour until 10.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 7.55 a. m.

For York Village, York Harbor, York Beach via Kittery and Kittery Point—6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.55 a. m. and every half hour until 6.55 p. m. Then 7.55 and 8.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 8.55 a. m. Then 6.55 p. m.

For York Village, York Harbor, York Beach via Rosemary—7.55 a. m. and every hour until 5.55 p. m. Sundays—First trip 8.55 a. m.

COL. ROOSEVELT ON THE WAR

He Arraigns Germans for Cruelties of War; Advocates "One Language."

(By Associated Press)

Chatham, N. Y., Sept. 5—Theodore Roosevelt in a speech here today at the Columbia County fair on America's part in the war urged that enactment by congress of legislation which would prohibit publication of newspapers printed in the tongue of any nation with which the United States is at war.

"We must have one language the language of the declaration of independence, of Washington's farewell address and Lincoln's great speeches," the former president said in part. "The leading German papers of this country have been scandalously disloyal to the United States and to humanity.

"The obsene cruelty and brutality of the German armies under the explicit direction of the German government has been of such unspeakable foulness that it is a crime against this nation and against all mankind directly or indirectly to uphold Germany; and all who do not heartily back the United States and the allies of the United States against Germany are guilty of this crime and are disloyal to this country.

"Above all, any man, and especially any senator or congressman or editor, who seeks to exempt Americans of German descent from service in the army against Germany is a traitor pure and simple. He should be proceeded against under the law if possible, and if that is not possible the law should be amended so as to make his offense a crime."

The colonel said "the highest honor at this time should be paid to the Americans in whole or in part of German blood whose loyalty to the U. S. in this crisis has been whole-hearted and without reserve."

Besides insisting upon undivided Americanism, Colonel Roosevelt said, the farmer and the wage-earner must receive justice. By direct action of the state, the farmer should be secured from exploitation he declared and the producer and consumer brought together "without paying toll to those middlemen who do not serve a useful purpose."

"The man who makes a huge profit out of the war" the Colonel continued, "is an enemy of his contry; an organization like the Industrial Workers of the World, which is playing the German game in this country and whose preaching and practice spell destruction to civilization, is as much an enemy to this country as an hostile army.

"The unscrupulous profiteers and the workingmen who refuse to do first class work for a first class wage are really the allies of our enemies; and of course the pro-Germans, the professional pacifists, the men who wish an inclusive or a peace without victory, the Industrial Workers of the World, the Socialist machine, are not merely allies of the enemy, but are themselves our enemies.

"We should work in the spirit of the body of men representing the Railroad Brotherhoods which I addressed not long ago; whose chairman in introducing me said that the one purpose, now that the country was at war was to help the country in every possible way, not only by making it a matter of pride to do their work with the utmost efficiency; and peculiar the war to insist on nothing in their own interest unless it was primarily in the interest of the country as a whole."

Colonel Roosevelt warned against governmental restriction of profits to the extent that would reduce production, urging caution against "unreasonably low prices, especially as regards what the government itself uses and as regards exports." He advocated "heavily graduated inheritance and income taxes," which he asserted would follow the English and German models. Regarding American war activities in general, the former President said:

"We are fighting for humanity; but primarily we are fighting for our own country, for safety of America in the world. We are fighting on the other side of the water so that we may not have to fight on this side of the water.

"Only the overthrow of the brutal and unscrupulous militarism of the Prussianized Germany of the Hohenzollerns will make this world safe either for the United States or for democracy.

"Let us bend our whole energies toward this end. Let us make a resolve that if all our allies should slip away from us we would nevertheless continue the war single handed until the end is attained. Let us heartily back up the government in every wise step it takes for the speedy achievement of this end, but let us, as patriots, not less clearly emphasize the fact that we demand from our government wisdom, energy and a spirit of broad Americanism and a patriotic absence of partisanship in thus prosecuting the war.

"Let us furthermore each as individuals do all we severally can to aid in securing the triumph. Let us live simply, cut out all extravagance, and all alcohol, show thrift, avoid waste, and do every bit of productive work we can, in agriculture or industry, in producing food or clothing, or munitions or in managing the transportation of the country. Let us cheerfully pay our increased taxes, subscribe to government loans, help the Red Cross and the Young Men's Christian Association, and all similar organizations which are trying to aid our soldiers.

"So far as our bodily strength and condition permits let us serve with our bodies. If we are permitted, let us volunteer in the army or the navy. If we are drafted let us treat the fact as a great privilege. Service should be the law of life; and thrice blessed is that man who in this world crisis is granted the supreme good fortune of risking his life and all else that he has for the honor of serving his country and mankind."

ALLIANCE OF LABOR CONVENTION

Samuel Gompers Outlines Plans of Organization.

Minneapolis, Sept. 5—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor and chairman of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy which opened its national conference here today, outlined the purpose of the organization as the assembling for the support of the government, "all the moral and material powers of the working class of the nation."

"It shall be our task" he said to interpret America's democratic spirit and purpose in this conflict to our fellow workers especially those of foreign birth and to combat every form of propaganda, no matter by whom it may be carried on, which tends to weaken the loyalty and devotion of the masses and their willingness to strive and sacrifice for the nation and its high purposes.

"We shall strip the mask from those who in the name of democracy anti-militarism and peace are engaged in the insidious propaganda of treachery to all what these noble words represent. We indignantly repudiate the claim that this propaganda, which, be it remembered, brings joy and comfort to German autocracy, has the support of the labor movement of America. Not even at the behest of the so-called people's council will the organized workers of America prostitute the labor movement to serve the brutal power responsible for the infamous rape of Belgium—the power that would subject Russia to a worse despotism than that of the Romanoffs.

"Democracy will not be served by the victory of autocracy, by letting the Declaration of Independence be supplanted by the Kaiser's hat.

"Militarism will not be checked by surrender to the power which has organized all the resources of civilization to the end of imposing its brutal iron rule on the world.

"Peace will not be secured to the world through the subjection of the free and democratic nations.

"We shall be as loyal to the struggle for freedom and democracy at home as to the struggle for freedom and democracy in international relations.

"The world owes thanks to the genius in Cincinnati who discovered freezone.

"Tiny bottles of the magic fluid can now be had at any drug store for a few cents. You simply apply a few drops of freezone upon a tender, aching corn or a hardened callus. Instantly the soreness disappears and shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose and shrivelled that you lift it off with the fingers. Not a bit of pain or soreness is felt when applying freezone or afterwards. It doesn't even irritate the skin or flesh.

For a few cents one can now get rid of every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, as well as painful calluses on bottom of feet. Everyone who tries freezone becomes an enthusiast because it really doesn't hurt or pain one particle.

Ladies! Keep a tiny bottle on the dresser and never let a corn or callus ache twice.

Lift Off Corns Doesn't Hurt!
Few drops stop soreness, then corn or callus lifts off with fingers.

COLONIAL THEATRE PORTSMOUTH FRI. SEPT. 7
Henry W. Savage OFFERS The Wonder Play THAT CONTAINES EVERYTHING! The INSPIRING DRAMATIC SPECTACLE DRAMA, OPERA, MUSICAL COMEDY SPECIAL SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
EVERYMAN
THE PILGRIMAGE PLAY OF LOVE
THE LARGEST DRAMATIC ORGANIZATION EVER TOURED
EVERYWOMAN is a chapter in the life of every woman. It is a pilgrimage in quest of love, a portrayal of universal experience. Everywoman, the central figure, whose life story is the motif of the play, is a beautiful, refined and accomplished young woman. She is of our day, and the yearnings which fill her soul are those that every woman knows. An unsatisfied longing in her heart for love—for a great overwhelming love—takes her from the fireside of her home out into the mystery of life.

Prof. Anderson
of Boston and York Beach
TEACHER MODERN DANCING
Has opened a Dancing School at the Portsmouth Yacht Club Ball Room.
POPULAR PRICES.
Write or call for interview.

TRAINING CAMP REJECTIONS

Philadelphia, Sept. 5.—Adjutant General H. P. McCain, in a letter to P. E. Hyatt, president of the Pennsylvania College, analyzing the causes of rejections at officers' training camps and expressing many ideals in education, military and scholastic, says:

Believing it might be interesting and helpful to schools and colleges in the present emergency, your attention is invited to the following observations of a candidate at one of the reserve officers' training camps, as to the probable causes of the considerable number of rejections of candidates for reserve officers at the training camps.

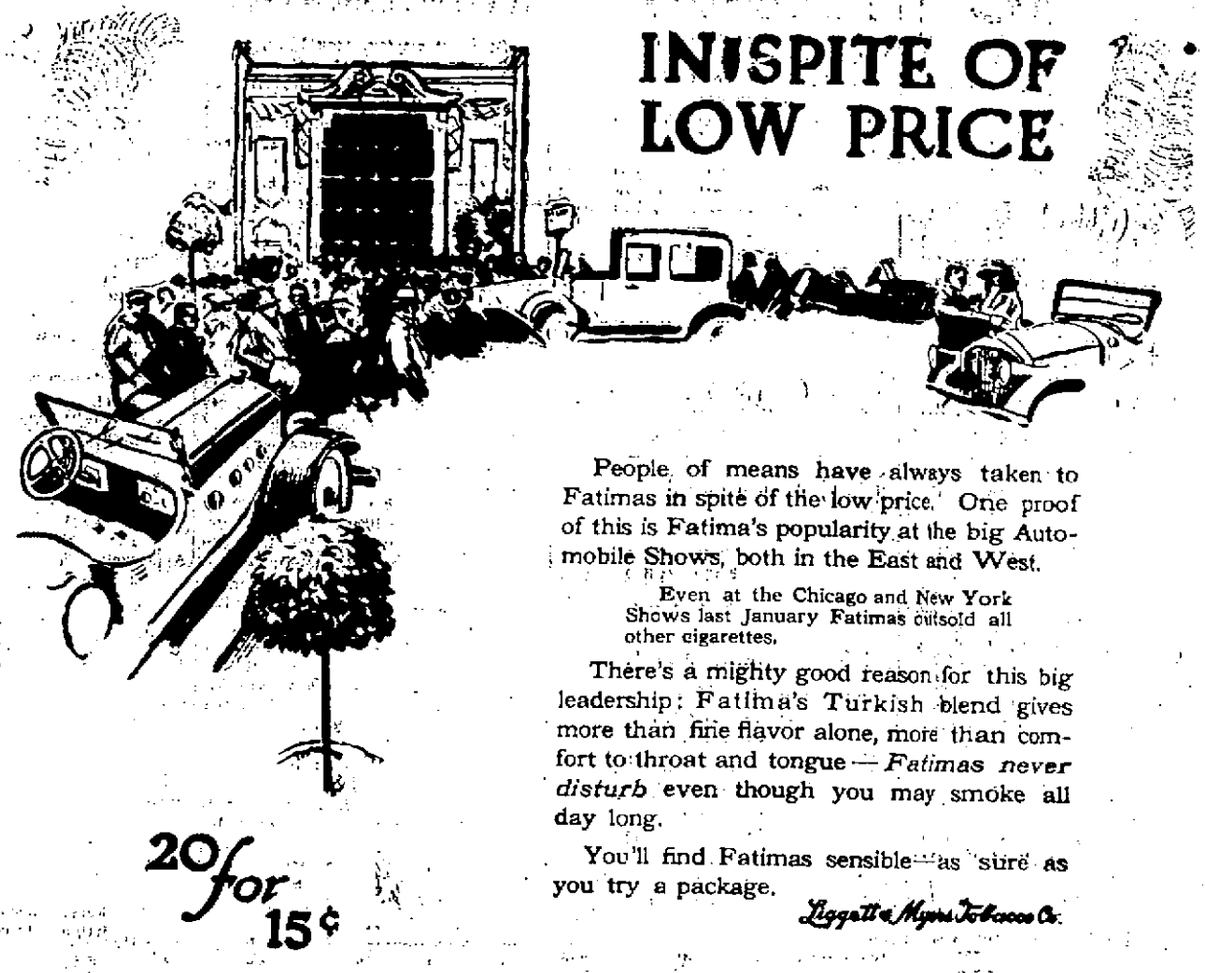
"Perhaps the most glaring fault noted in aspirants to the officers' reserve corps, and one that might be corrected by proper attention in our high schools, preparatory schools and colleges, might be characterized by the general word "slouchiness." I refer to what might be termed a mental and physical indifference. I have observed at camp many otherwise excellent men who have failed because in our school system sufficient emphasis is not placed upon the avoidance of this mental and physical handicap. In the work of the better Government military schools of the world this slackness in thought, presentation and bearing is not tolerated because the aim of all military training is accuracy. At military camps throughout the country mental alertness, accuracy in thinking and acting, clearness in enunciation, sureness and ease of carriage and bearing must be insisted upon for two reasons; that success may be assured as nearly as human effort can guarantee it with the material and means at hand, and that priceless human lives may not be criminally sacrificed. Only by the possession of the qualities referred to does one become a natural leader.

A great number of men have failed at camp because of inability to articulate clearly. A man who cannot impart his idea to his command in clear, distinct language and with sufficient volume of voice to be heard reasonably far is not qualified to give commands upon which human life will depend. Many men disqualified by this handicap might have become officers under their country's flag had they been properly trained in school and college. It is to be hoped, therefore, that more emphasis will be placed upon the basic principles of elocution in the training of our youth. Even without proscribed training in elocution a great improvement could be wrought by the instructors in our schools and colleges, regardless of the subject, insisting that all answers be given in a loud, clear, well-rounded voice; which of course, necessitates the opening of the mouth and free movement of the lips. It is remarkable how many excellent men suffer from this handicap and how almost impossible it is to correct this after the formative years of life.

In addition to this physical disability and sloughliness is what might be termed the sloughiness of mental attitude. Many men fail to measure up to the requirements set for our officers' reserve because they have not been trained to appreciate the importance of accuracy in thinking. Too many schools are satisfied with an approximate answer to a question. Little or no incentive is given increased mental effort to coordinate one's ideas and present them clearly and unequivocally. Insistence upon decision in thought and expression must never be lost sight of. This requires eternal vigilance on the part of every teacher. It is next to impossible for military instructors to do much to counteract the negligence of schools in this regard. This again has cost many men their commissions at camp. Three months is too short a time in which to teach an incorrigible "beater-about-the-bush" that there is only one way to answer a question, oral or written, and that is positively, clearly and accurately. The form of the answer in our schools should be made an important consideration of instruction.

I have further noted at camp that even some of our better military schools have turned out products that, while many of them may have the bearing of a soldier in ranks, yet their carriage is totally different as soon as they "fall out." Schools, military and non-military, should place more insistence upon the bearing of pupils all the time. It should become a second nature with them to walk and carry themselves with the bearing of an officer and a gentleman. This again is a characteristic that cannot be acquired in a short time and, when coupled with other disqualifying elements, has militated against the success of men in training camps.

As a last important element that seems to me has been lacking in the moral and mental make-up of some of our students here is the characteristic of grit. Not that they would have proved cowardly in battle, necessarily, but some have exhibited a tendency to throw up the sponge upon the administration of a severe rebuke or criticism. Their feelings have been hurt, and they resign. They have never been taught the true spirit of subordination. They are not ready for the rough edges of life. The true training school should endeavor to inculcate that indomitable spirit that enables one to get out of self, to keep one's eyes fixed upon the goal rather than upon the roughness of the path, to realize that one unable to rise above the hard knocks of discipline cannot hope to face with equanimity the tremendous responsibilities of the officer under modern conditions of warfare. This idea of grit belongs in the schoolroom as well as upon the campus.



INSPITE OF LOW PRICE

People of means have always taken to Fatimas in spite of the low price. One proof of this is Fatima's popularity at the big Automobile Shows, both in the East and West.

Even at the Chicago and New York Shows last January Fatimas outsold all other cigarettes.

There's a mighty good reason for this big leadership: Fatima's Turkish blend gives more than fine flavor alone, more than comfort to throat and tongue—*Fatimas never disturb* even though you may smoke all day long.

You'll find Fatimas sensible—as sure as you try a package.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

20 for 15¢

FATIMA

A Sensible Cigarette

FAIR CLOSES WITH HORSE SHOW

Big Crowd Present and Excellent Racing

The closing day of the Portsmouth Fair, favored with ideal weather, was a big success, as thousands enjoyed the greatest part of the day at the fair grounds, including many hundred children for it was Children's Day and the little people were admitted free to both the grounds and the grandstand and they roamed at will all over the grounds, apparently having the time of their lives.

The attendance was large for a closing day and it was well satisfied with the exceptionally good racing and the best horse show ever held in this city. This horse show which is getting to be a big feature event of the fair was very interesting and some very fine show horses were shown, and the awards as a rule were acceptable to the crowd. Great credit is due to the great work of Mr. W. A. Bragdon, who had charge of the entire show.

In connection with the children's day the annual contest for boys in judging cattle was held and some of the awards were made in the various departments. There were also games arranged for the young children.

The stables of Mr. Edmund C. Tarbell at New Castle scored heavily in the horse show, his handsome hackneys taking the blue wherever shown, and his saddle horse Princess took the red in the Ladies driving class and was beaten out by the Burnham Perry horses Wedge and Baron, reversing the awards as made at the Wentworth horse show. The Tarbell stable also furnished a very pleasing feature in an exhibition tandem team around the race track, his son, Edmund handling the two hackneys in an excellent manner.

The ponies were a very pleasind feature of the show and they were shown in two classes, a fine specimen of a Welsh pony shown by Mr. Walter H. Farmer taking the blue in the harness class while Dandy, George Flanigan's entry, took the blue in the saddle class.

The Judges were Dr. A. C. Heffenger and Mr. Charles Johnston of Washington, the latter judging the saddle classes and jumping where Dr. Heffenger had entries.

In the ladies driving class the blue ribbon went to La Belle, Mrs. Edmund C. Tarbell driving; the red to Arthur Hill's handsome Gray Brother, driven by Mrs. W. A. Bragdon, and the yellow to Simon, another entry from the Hill stables, driven by Mrs. Eugene McCue.

There were seven horses shown in the Gentleman's saddle class, and the J. Burnham Perry's horses, Baron and Wedge, took the first and second and Princess, a Tarbell entry, the third. A three quarter thoroughbred owned and ridden by Mr. Walter B. Farmer, was an attractive entry.

In the ponies to harness class, Laddie, driven by Miss Farmer, was awarded the first; Dandy, George Flanigan, the red, and Dainty Lass, Cecil Humphreys, third.

In the ponies to saddle class Dandy was awarded the blue, Dainty Lass, Cecil Humphreys, second, and Lassie a Farmer entry, third.

In the ladies saddle class there were nine horses shown and The Baron again took the blue with the Princess second, and Miss Reice, owned and ridden by Miss Isadore Luce, the third. This field included Gray Brother, Mrs. W. A. Bragdon, Simon, Mrs. Eugene McCue; Princess, Miss Mary Tarbell; The Baron, Mrs. J. Burnham Perry; Miss Reice, Miss Isadore Luce; Oh Boy, Miss Corrinne Parsons, and Eliza Miss Louise Blaisdell.

The gentleman's driving class was captured by Our Modiste, Edmund C. Tarbell, with Gray Boy getting second and Simon third.

A half mile flat race between Oh Boy with Mrs. Eugene McCue up and Hatto, Miss Ruth Carlton up, was very closely contested and won by a neck by Hatto.

A half mile pony race between Dandy with George Flanigan up, Dainty Lassie, Cecil Humphreys, and Bill, C. Philip McWilliams up, was won by Bill with Dainty Lassie second and Dandy third, the last named taking the pace around the track but fell behind in the stretch.

An exhibition of Tandem driving with Mr. Tarbell's two thoroughbred hackneys La Belle and Our Modiste, was very fine.

In the jumping class, Moteor, Charles Heffenger up, took the blue, and Sigh of the Sea, Edward Tarbell up, second.

The horse racing for the afternoon included two unfinished heats of the 2.35 trot left from Tuesday, a special race, the Free for all, and a farmers race, this being the feature race of the meet.

In the unfinished race of the 2.35 trot Dan Kay, with Eugene McCue up finally won first money, and Walter R. second, these two after the first heat having each two heats to their credit, fought it out alone and it was a heart breaking finish in the final heat with Dan Kay nosing out under the wire.

The Free-or-All went to Mudlake, Arthur Schurman's fast pacer who after losing his first heat to Chimes Hal, went out and won the next three heats, the last heat with a new driver behind Chimes Hal was a great race.

Another special was for amateur drivers and this went to John Woodcock after five heats.

The summary:

2.35 Trot

Dan Kay (McCue) 2-1.
Walter R. (Smith) 1-2.
Mayflower—1 Ro.
May Bee—2 Ro.

Free For All

Mudlake (Schurman) 2-1-1-1.
Chimes Hal (Lane) 1-2-2-2.
Cinnamon (Mulson) 3-3-4-4.
Foxy Grandfather (Dalgle) 4-4-3-3.
Time: 2.17 1-2; 2.19 1-4; 2.17 1-2; 2.18 11-2.

Special.

Major Deen (Stayton) 1-1-1.
Henry Jacobs (Seavey) 3-2-2.
Direct Axworthy (Tucker) 2-3-4.
Bruce Anterbon (Osgood) 4-4-3.
Time: 2.33 1-4; 2.20 1-4; 2.19 1-4.

Amateur Race, Half Mile.

Birchwood (Seavey) 1-2-2-1-1.
John Woodcock (Lord) 2-11-2-3.
Lady Kingman (Schurman) 3-3-4-3-2.
Lady Defiance (Worthen) 4-5-3-4-4.
Edington (Hugh) 5-4-Dr.
Time: 1.16, 1.16 3-4, 1.15 1-2, 1.15.

The children feature was made much of and all boys and girls were given everything free and at noon the children were given a lunch.

UNSHAKEN TESTIMONY

Time is the test of truth. And Doan's Kidney Pills have stood the test in Portsmouth. No Portsmouth resident who suffers backache, or annoying urinary ills can remain unconvinced by this twice-told testimony.

Clinton R. Hurd, 57 Hill St., Portsmouth, says: "I suffered from sharp pains in my back so severe at times that I was unable to get up from a chair. I was tired all the time and there was a dull ache and soreness across my loins. One box of Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Philbrick's Pharmacy, relieved me wonderfully and thus encouraged, I continued using them until cured of the attack."

The above statement was given on June 26, 1911, and on October 21, 1916, Mr. Hurd said: "Doan's Kidney Pills have never failed to correct kidney disorders in my case and I always keep them on hand as a preventive. I gladly confirm my past endorsement."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Hurd has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Proprs., Buffalo, N. Y.

ABOUT TIME TO STAMP THIS OUT

Washington, Sept. 5.—Searching inquiry into the utterances of German-language newspapers in the United States, Socialistic magazines and literature of so-called peace societies and associations regarded as likely to lead to prosecution in some instances, is being conducted by the Department of Justice. The department considers its position strengthened by the recent decision of Federal Judges Hough of New York and Speer of Georgia in sustaining the action of Postmaster General Burleson in refusing the privileges of the mails to The Masses, and The Jeffersonian.

Recent utterances and activities of Mayor Thompson of Chicago and the Chicago Republican, a newspaper which indorses in connection with the convention there of the People's Council of America for democracy and peace, are being scrutinized. The department has held repeatedly that it is not its function to prohibit or to break up pacifist meetings or conventions, but a close scrutiny of the utterances of speakers and others to determine possible violations of the espionage act.

Papers in German Language.

Included in the investigation of alleged seditious publications and others of a character regarded as open to question, are individual newspapers and magazines published in the German language in this country and the advertising and other literature of the American Union Against Militarism, the People's Council, the League of Conscientious Objectors, and other organizations affiliated with them or of similar character.

The time is not far distant in the opinion of some officials when the Government will begin prosecutions. Hundreds of newspaper and magazine articles, whose propriety admittedly is open to two interpretations, have been placed before officials here. In most instances, it is said, these articles have been worded cleverly so as to bring them virtually within the law while, at the same time, creating the effect desired.

A large number of the articles and editorials under investigation do not attack the Government, but centre their criticism upon Allies of the United States. What proceedings, if any, can be taken in these instances depends wholly upon the wording of each individual article.

TO END STRIKE.

Boston, Sept. 5.—An offer was received this evening from Pres. Hustis of the Boston and Maine to submit the difference of the railroad and workmen to arbitration.

A household remedy in America for 75 years—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, for cuts, sprains, burns, scalds and bruises. 30c and 60c. At all dealers.

SAFETY FIRST!

USE PAXSON'S SANITARY SWEEPING COMPOUND

ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTES

OUR NAME IS ON ALL BARRELS AND PACKAGES

FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

WHILE SWEEPING IT KEEPS DOWN THE DUST

PACKED IN 10 & 25 PACKAGES

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR A TRIAL PACKAGE

Packed in barrels & 1 lb. for use in stores, factories, theatres, churches, schools, etc. It cleans the floors & brightens the carpets.

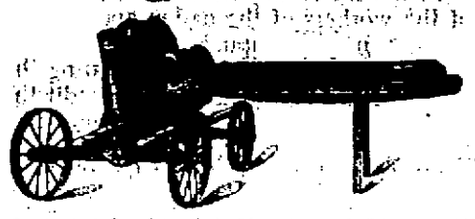
INSIST ON HAVING PAXSON'S SANITARY SWEEPING COMPOUND

Sold by all Jobbers & Dealers

MANUFACTURED BY PAXSON MANUFACTURING CO. 21 SANSOM ST. PHILADELPHIA PA.

SILAS PIERCE & Co.

THE BLIZZARD Ensilage Cutters



The Original Combined Cutter and Blower Elevator in one machine.

The Ideal Cutter for the Farmer, because it is so simple and safe.

Makes the filing of high silos possible and profitable.

R. L. COSTELLO

Seed Store 115 Market St.

The Seller's Kitchen Cabinet

The Latest and Most Improved of Them All

PRICES THE LOWEST EVER QUOTED on Goods of this Character and Quality.

You don't pay any f[illegible] Premium or Club Prices.

Call and Let us Demonstrate the Above.

PORTSMOUTH FURNITURE CO.

Cor. Dr[illegible] and Vaughan St. Near B. & M. Depot.

AT THE HARDWARE STORE

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE

Floor Polishes Hard Wax

Polishing Mops

Tel 178 41 Pleasant St.

The Portsmouth Herald

Established September 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted, by The Herald Publishing Company.

TERMS—$4.00 a year when paid in advance; 50 cents a month; 2 cents per copy, delivered to any part of the city or sent by mail.

Communications should be addressed to F. W. Hartford, Editor.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H., postoffice as second-class mail matter.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.

FOR PORTSMOUTH AND PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS

TELEPHONES:

Editorial ..... 28 | Business 37

Portsmouth, N. H., Thursday, September 6, 1917.

No Class Distinctions in War.

At the Labor Day celebration in Boston a large gathering on the Common was addressed by James Duncan, a prominent leader of organized labor, who naturally emphasized the part that the workingmen of the country, organized and unorganized, are taking in the war. He declared that labor "is back of President Wilson, will remain back of him to the finish and will go out in front of him, if needs be, in defense of the principles of democracy." After further remarks in a similar vein the speaker turned his attention to the wealthy class. "What about the rich man?" he asked. "Is he to stand on the sidewalk and criticize us because at times certain of our members come forward and under the caption of the People's Liberty party or some other high-sounding title ask for peace? No, the man with money must come forward, too, with the mass of the workers of the nation and give of his means so that the cause may triumph."

But there was no occasion for intimating that any class of American citizens is entitled to more credit than another for supporting the government at this trying time. There are little groups of so-called pacifists who are mistakenly placing some obstacles in the way, but the great body of American citizens, rich and poor, and whether members of labor organizations or not, are standing loyally by the government and are ready to do everything in their power to strengthen the arm it has raised in defense of liberty and justice for the whole world.

Mr. Duncan spoke of the rich criticizing organized labor because at times some of its members take a wrong attitude toward the war, and he should be aware that some of the criticism is based upon the attitude of labor toward industries which are vitally essential to the successful prosecution of the war. Does he not realize that the action of the mechanics of the Boston & Maine railroad, who went out on strike a few days ago, is not calculated to strengthen popular confidence in organized labor, and that strikes and threatened strikes in shipyards where vessels are being constructed for the government are exceedingly unpopular with the people of the country at such a time as this?

It will be well for all to remember what this paper has many times said, that this is the people's war. The rich and the poor, capital and labor, must stand shoulder to shoulder in bearing the burden, and the less boasting there is by any class the better will it be. There are individuals and groups that are not doing their duty, but these are too few and uninfluential to be of serious consequence. The great body of the people are on the firing line—for there is a firing line at home as well as beyond the sea—and the majority of them are neither boasting nor criticizing. They are doing their duty as it is presented to them, and this they will continue to do, making altogether out of place anything and everything in the way of class glorification or class censure.

General Edwards is willing that all reasonable news of the New England camps should be published, but he expects, and with reason, that the newspapers will use judgment and not sow broadcast information which might prove detrimental to American interests. This is a sensible view of the matter and the newspapers can be trusted to meet General Edwards half way.

President Wilson appears to be on the side of the young men who sought to evade military service by taking the nuptial route. There are many people who will have more respect for the stand of Provost Marshal General Crowder on this subject, but the president will probably have his way as usual.

A number of the largest manufacturers of hats in Danbury, Conn., have decided to adopt the open shop principle. The Hatters' Union has made a great deal of trouble in that city in the last few years and months, and such of this as has not already come home to roost appears to be on its way. There is such a thing as killing the goose that lays the golden eggs.

The government is to put a large staff of specialists in the field to combat animal diseases with a view to conserving the meat supply. This is well, provided that the army of specialists does not cost more than the saving amounts to.

The most important discovery of Explorer MacMillan appears to be that Explorer Peary failed to discover what he thought he had discovered. Now will some one else have to go to the North Pole to settle the controversy?

It is more or less of a question which is keeping the most of the young men out of the army—flat feet or cold feet. Many aggravated cases of the latter have been brought to light by the draft.

Early regulation of meat prices is also promised. Heaven speed the day!

From the Exchanges

Where Verdun Laughs

(From the Baltimore Star)

Ambassador Gerard in the course of his personal story of the events during the first days of the war refers to the fact that on one occasion the Crown Prince, while showing an American woman his collection of Napoleonic relics, remarked that if his father didn't start a war he would when he came to the throne "for the fun of the thing." We trust that when it is all over this royal degenerate will be able to see the joke.

The Flapper's Angel.

(From the Hartford Courant)

London has a new kind of law officer. No helmet is worn and no truncheon is carried. The only approach to a uniform that this new officer wears is an armlet. She is a woman, or rather a number of women, for there is about 2000 of her. She is what the London Chronicle calls "guardian angel to the flapper." She represents the social conscience and the social benevolence of the city. She warns young girls when they are behaving unsuitably on the streets and tries to bring them in touch with local societies, clubs and classes, which provide healthful amusements as well as instruction. The whole effort is to prevent young girls in London from falling into habits of vice and to rescue such as can be rescued. Her work is said to be meeting with success.

German People Blameworthy

(From the Manufacturers Record)

Because we have realized the character of the German people, dominated as they have been during the last quarter of a century or more by the most devilish doctrines ever unceasingly preached to any people on earth and because the German people as a whole, and not merely Kaiser Wilhelm and his immediate following, are responsible for the war and all of its horrible atrocities, the Manufacturers Record has, from time to time, taken issue with President Wilson's statement that we are not at war with the German people, but with Prussian militarism. Until we get it deep down in our souls that back of Prussian militarism is all of the life of Germany, and that the preachers and the teachers and the people in Germany are upholding kaiserism and all of its atrocities, we shall not begin to comprehend the magnitude of the task upon which we have entered.

There is no room in any honest-hearted man for any pity for a nation which has been guilty of Germany's crimes any more than there should be sentimental pity for the murderer who deliberately, in cold blood, for his own individual, material gain, indiscriminately killed the women and children who stood in his pathway, or for the rapist who commits his unforgivable crime.

One Must Win, Dr. Eliot.

(From the New York Herald)

Even a Harvard man should understand that there can be no stalemate between justice and injustice, between right and wrong, between civilization and kultur, between world liberty and Prussianism.

"Remonetize" Silver? No!

(From the New York Herald)

The rise in silver bullion to forty-six pence an ounce in London and well above ninety cents here brings the white metal to the highest prices touched in twenty-six years and has given rise to discussion of its possible "remonetization" in the near future.

This is an iridescent dream of the bimetallists. In the first place, silver would have to rise to $1.30 to restore the commercial ratio of 16 to 1 which obtained in the early seventies. But this is immaterial. That issue was fought out and the great nations decided that it was as unpracticable to have two monetary standards as to use two yard sticks.

Silver serves a useful purpose in coinage, but even the nations in which it supplies the circulating medium have adopted the gold standard. The white metal has risen in value for the same reason that copper has risen—an increased demand from the Orient and from European nations needing increased amounts of minor coins.

The great commercial nations—our own in the lead—hold the great supplies of gold, and as they control the finance and trade of the world, the single gold standard will stand.

Battlecry in Reverse

(From the St. Louis Post-Dispatch)

"Nach Verdun, Paris," was the German battlecry in 1916. At this time, "Apres Verdun, Metz," seems more likely.

Trying to Get Out of the Union

(From the New York Herald)

It is something of a coincidence that the officials who are endeavoring to make North Dakota the Finland of this country have their headquarters at a place named Bismarck.

A World's Crisis

(From the Halifax Herald)

One of the executives of the Win-the-War League has received a letter from the lieutenant colonel of a Canadian battalion overseas, the following extract from which shows the great need of activity by those who sympathize with the win-the-war movement.

Things are none too promising. You must agitate and get the country on fire. The struggle now is a struggle between the democracy of the New World and the military autocracy of Prussia. France can do but little more for us. Russia is a hopelessly broken reed. England and Scotland are drained of their best manhood.

The world's hope rests on the United States, Canada, Australia and New Zealand. Not many more men can be drafted from the last two. The burden falls on the states and Canada. Don't fail us. We'll need every possible man and every available dollar, but we will win!

The next five years will be equivalent to five hundred in the world's civilization. I would rather be my grandson than to have been my grandfather.

Maine Up in the Van

(From the Portland Press)

Portland was second only to Oregon in the number of men enlisted before the draft, it is the first state in the Union to have its drafted men ready to report, and now one of its shipbuilding concerns is the first to have a keel laid for the emergency war fleet. Maine is true to its motto.

THE OBJECT OF ALLIES

High Commissioner Tardieu Tells Americans Where the Allies Stand.

Want to Prevent Repitition of Germany's Crime.

(By Associated Press)

New York, Sept. 6.—France and the nations which are her allies have only one object in the war—to prevent a repetition of Germany's crime of forcing war and thus to secure permanent peace—Andre Tardieu, High Commissioner of the French Republic in this country, said in a speech at Lafayette Day exercises at City Hall here today.

"To our soldiers who have been fighting through three whole years, to your soldiers who are soon to fight side by side with ours, let us go on(telling steadily again and again why they are fighting," Mr. Tardieu said. "Let us, in this way, keep up their moral strength. Let us remind them that there has been in Europe a nation who, though enjoying an overfulness of all the riches of peace, with unceasing guile, planned, willed war and let it loose. Unceasingly let us bring back to memory the years in which Germany forced war upon a peace-willing world and deliberately doomed millions of young lives to death. * * *

"Day after day, hour after hour, she prepared, while, through their insufficient preparations, shown at the beginning of the war, her present adversaries have evidenced how deep, how generous, had been their faith in peace.

"And whenever the Germans would be bold enough to contradict this and to state that we have willed war, let us answer simply by quoting facts, and let us point out, in August, 1914, Russia without rifles, France without heavy artillery and Great Britain's army of six divisions.

"Those have willed war who had not neglected anything which would enable them to make war. Those have not willed war who, not believing war possible, did neglect to prepare.

"This ought to be restated again and again if we are expecting the soldiers on the battlefield to be clearly conscious of fulfilling the most sacred duty.

"We have assembled today to celebrate the memory of the great man who volunteered to come over here and to fight in your ranks because he was under orders from his own conscience. Faithful to the example which he set for us, let us now declare and proclaim to the world the transparent clearness of our right.

"Let us fasten the culprit to his own crime, and, as he does still dare to ask what are our war aims, let us answer as did Lafayette, as the President has just been doing again, that we have one aim only: to prevent any possible reiteration of the crime, and, in this way, to lay the foundation of the world's peace."

Alluding to the dual significance of the day—the anniversary of the birthday of Lafayette and of the beginning of the Marne offensive which checked the German advance upon Paris three years ago—Mr. Tardieu said:

"From century to century the history of the world again begins anew. Thus is moral conscience meeting the great eternal issue of duty and of responsibility.

"When Lafayette came over to put his sword at the service of your new born liberties; when invaded France gathered her energies to stop the foe; when the United States after thirty-two months of scrupulous neutrality, declared war upon German imperialism—the same question was answered by each of them, a question of conscience, a question of duty, a question of responsibility.

"The same question we shall have to answer when, in a near future, after the victory of our arms, we will be called to work towards the organization of the world's peace.

"Then, in the same way as we are doing now, we shall remember on which side stood the crime, on which the right, and as, through the clear conscience of the one and of the other, our arms have been given strength, so shall our peace-aiming decisions be given value."

IN MEMORIAM.

Harriet McEwen Kimball, daughter of the late David and Carolline J. Kimball, born Nov. 2, 1834, died Sept. 3, 1917.

Lord all-pitying, Jesu blest,
Grant her Thine eternal rest.

In the passing of Miss Harriet McEwen Kimball, Portsmouth has lost one of its most illustrious daughters. It is not an over-statement to say that as woman, philanthropist and Christian, Miss Kimball in the days of her full power and activity, held first place in our city and state. I suppose we have never seen her equal.

As woman, her grace and charm of manner with much of the old-fashioned dignity of early New England marked her as the true gentlewoman. Alertness of mind, quick insight, a ready grasp of details, clarity of expression and mental poise, an inheritance from the days of high thinking—were hers and gave her distinction in the social life of her day. Of companions she was the best and her friends were legion.

Her love for her native town in which her whole life was passed and for her family home at No. 6 Austin street was profound. She tells us something of that love and veneration in the closing lines of the poem "Returned":

"Ah, should I wonder far as Heaven's blue dome
Roofs any phase of life or varying clime,
And then, unknowing, at the end of time
Return, I should cry out: Why this is home!"

Of Miss Kimball it may be truly said that during the days of her active life she constantly "went about doing good." Wherever there were sick or needy folk there she was to be found and there—such was her habit—she was always expected and ever welcomed. Few figures were better known upon our streets than hers as she passed up and down on errands of mercy.

It is therefore not to be wondered at but in every way fitting that the Portsmouth hospital should be in reality the memorial of her work and prayers. For she not only inspired the first efforts towards its organization but, herself, at 51 Court street, began its real work. She says of that beginning (tenth annual report of the Portsmouth Cottage hospit, 1895): "I kindled fires, fitted up a ward, provisioned the house with both food and fuel, and before noon of Wednesday, Jan. 23 (1884), the nurse and the patient a woman named Ann Dorrity) were both moved in—the latter by the city, under the direction of Dr. Clark. Everything that was done otherwise I did, unaided." By her were the plans made for its organization and development. By her were the first funds raised for its regular work. The benediction of her life rests upon it and the Portsmouth hospital remains today as at the time of the opening of the new building in the year 1895, "A gracious gift of the sons and daughters of Portsmouth for the amelioration of suffering."

As a member of St. John's Parish, this work was done by her as "head" of the Hospital and Relief Club Chapter of St. John's Guild. After Christ church was opened in 1883 and a parish organization effected she became more and more interested in its affairs until she finally became a member of the new parish and threw herself with all her accustomed ardor and devotion into its work. For years she was indeed a true Mother in Israel, helping to finance the efforts of those early, trying days, building up the Sunday school (which she conducted in a room in Morning street from 1879 and which was transferred to the new church in 1883) and pressing forward the Guild work, notably that of the Altar Guild, which in its devoted service at the present time continues to bear witness to her wisdom and efficiency.

Of Miss Kimball as a church woman it may be said that her faith was deep and steadfast. With her there was never the slightest wavering or shadow of a change. Her heart was fixed. She knew in Whom she believed. Throughout a long life the end was as the beginning.

Her reverence for God and holy things was profound. For her the Courts of the Lord's House were ever peopled with heavenly visitants. To see her at her devotions gave one a sense of the nearness of the invisible, and that human feet were indeed treading upon holy ground. She loved the worship of the sanctuary. To her the Sacrament of the Altar was the sweet meeting-place with her Lord—the shadow of a great rock and fresh springs of life and comfort in a weary land. It gather up for her the whole of the religion of the Incarnation, in life and sacrifice and resurrection. As she remarked once in a spiritual conversation, "It is my all in all—all that I can receive and all that I can give."

In secular poetry Miss Kimball held high place. Her sonnets, lyrics and descriptive poems may well rank as good literature. She gained speedy recognition from the foremost writers of her day. Whittier, Stedman and William Winter were in turn friends and correspondents, the latter until the time of his death but yesterday.

But she liked her religious work the best and it is by her religious poems that her literary work shall really live.

She loved the Church as the Body of her Lord and used her pen assiduously in the spreading of the Faith and in a well-defined effort to deepen spiritual religion, and many souls have been cheered and helped and comforted. The estimate of the London "Atheneum," given some years ago still holds good that in American religious poetry first place belongs to her. I shall quote two poems, the first written in the comparatively early days of her career, which possesses such beauty of expression and charm of phraze, such poetic completeness that it gained at once a very wide use in private and public circulation. Few poems in the English language have merited and received a wider or more grateful acceptance.

ALL'S WELL.

The day is ended. Ma I sink to sleep,
My weary spirit seeks repose in Thine!
Father! forgive my trespasses, and keep
This little life of mine.

With loving kindness curtain Thou my bed,
And cool in rest my burning pilgrim feet;
Thy pardon be the pillow for my head;
So shall my sleep be sweet.

At peace with all the world, dear Lord, and Thee,
No fears my soul's unwavering faith can shake;
All's well, whichever side the grave for me
The morning light may break.

The other is one of her later poems, written in the day of ripe maturity, and is a remarkable example of mystical interpretation, spiritual exaltation and restrained pathos. Many have essayed to meditate in verse upon the Cross and Sacrifice of our Adorable Redeemer. Few, if any, have achieved such success in giving expression to the Christian's illumined faith and chastened love in the contemplation of the Crucified.

CALVARY.

What does it mean this wood
So stained with blood
This tree without a root
That bears such fruit
This tree without a leaf
So leaved with grief!

What does its height proclaim
Whose height is Shame;
Its piteous arms outspread
Where death lies dead;
And in the midst a heart
Cleft wide apart!

Though fool I cannot miss
Its meaning this:
My sin's stupendous price;
His sacrifice;
Where closest friendships end
One Friend—my Friend.

In closing let it be said that in life Miss Kimball walked with the Saints and was throughout the humble penitent. The words spoken at her last communion but expressed that which was with her habitual: "Oh my Father, pray for me a poor, unworthy sinner."

May she rest in peace and may light perpetual shine upon her.

NAVY NOTES

Enlistments in the Navy.

Total enlisted men Aug. 31, 141,575; Net gain Sept. 1, 73; Total enlisted men Sept. 1, 141,648.

Praises on Jackies.

The Navy department has been informed of the receipt by the State department of a dispatch from the United States ambassador at Buenos Aires stating that the civil authorities of that city published a letter praising the excellent conduct and bearing of the enlisted men of the navy who were recently ashore from the fleet in South American waters.

Been Doing Special Duty.

Engineer William Dowry of the Portsmouth navy yard coaling plant has returned from Frenchman's Bay, Me., where he has been doing special duty at the government coaling plant.

Why Not Use Property Here?

It is pleasing to hear that Assistant Secretary of the Navy Roosevelt is strongly in favor of enlarging and improving the navy yard at Charlestown. The Post has long maintained that such an extending of its facilities would pay the government a hundred times over the necessary expense.

The assistant secretary will, it is understood, report to the secretary the advisability of a larger area than at present, with a longer frontage, the added part to be used as an operating base, leaving manufacturing and repairing to the present yard.

For such an important station as this the Charlestown yard is manifestly too cramped. The harbor affords several better locations, but as removal is out of the question for a long time to come, extension of the present plant is demanded. It is to be hoped that Secretary Daniels will view the matter in its right light.—Boston Post.

Stealing at Boston Yard.

In consequence of the loss by theft of numerous articles of value by the government from the stores of the Charlestown navy yard, United States Marshal Mitchell started a systematic search yesterday of all the pawnshops in town.

On Furlough Here.

Michael Lynch, a member of the Engineers' division on the U. S. S. Oklahoma, is enjoying a furlough at his home in this city. He will shortly enter on his fifth enlistment in the service.

MIGHT TRY WALKING.

Is it not about time for Dover citizens to wake up and get some kind of transportation from the new shipyard so that the laborers could get back and forth to our city at less expense.—Dover Democrat.

Work for Joiners.

Twenty joiners are wanted at once for work in the Industrial Department of the local navy yard.

ITALIANS RENEW THEIR ADVANCE ON TRIESTE

(By Associated Press)

While the Russians continued to flee before the Germans in the vicinity of Riga, the Italians who for a few days of idleness have renewed their assault on the Austrian front along the Bainsizza plateau and north of Gorizia.

In the south from the Bainsizza valley to the sea the Italians have been compelled to stand a violent attack from the Austrians but they have held their ground, although at one point they were forced to give ground, but in the counter attack the Italians forced them back taking many prisoners.

On the Bainsizza plateau the Italians have made further gains near Octorlo, but no details have been made public of the battle northeast of Gorizia, and confirmation of the capture of Monte San Gabriele. The Italians in the past day have taken 1700 prisoners.

The Austrian naval base at Paio has been bombarded by the Italian airmen and they have dropped bombs on the shipping and naval forts.

In the vicinity of Riga the Russians are still continuing their flight before the pursuing Germans and the German army has crossed the river at Dvinsk in Lavonia and are astride the railroad. The war vessels which were shelling the towns along the Riga golf, as it was first reported to effect a landing of troops to attempt to cut off the Russian retreat, appear to have been submarines which are reported to be frequenting these waters with a convoy of torpedo boats.

Operations on the Belgian and Flanders fronts have been practically confined to artillery duels. Two rather strong attacks were made last night against the California plateau, but they were repulsed with heavy loss.

Air raids over the German cities and bases not far behind the first line trenches are continually being made by the British and French airmen. In the Verdun section German aviators have again dropped bombs on the hospital killing many.

The English admiralty reports that 20 British vessels with a capacity of over 1600 and two under that figure, have been sunk by either mines or U-boats.

NOTES OF THE SHIPBUILDING PLANT

Thirty-five carpenters and helpers were laid off on Wednesday evening owing to lack of material. As soon as the lumber comes they will be put back to work.

Several cars containing engines and equipment have arrived in Portsmouth.

The foundations for the ways are now being placed.

A fence is being erected about the yard.

The employes are hoping for good train service soon.

L. E. LEWIS
Optrometrist and Optician
Room 10, Franklin Block
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY

Weather Hot
calls for suitable clothing.
You want to see the nice, "cool mohairs" and "tropical worsteds" that we have. You cannot be anything but cool in one of them. We also have thin summer serges and flannels.
WOOD
THE TAILOR
Maker of Quality Clothes

LIQUOR SEIZED ON LAUNCH IN MAINE

Bath, Me., Sept. 5—Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Johnson, captain and first mate respectively of a 28-foot cruising launch, are in the Bath jail tonight as a result of a visit to their boat by Sheriff W. C. Oliver of Sagadhoc county, who made a Sebasco fisherman ferry him out to the Johnson craft under threat of the law, and who boarded the launch alone, despite Mrs Johnson's repeated threats, it is charged to perforate him witha double-barreled shotgun.

The sheriff, making two searches, took from the launch an assortment of bottled whisky amounting to thirteen gallons, whose market value all along the Kennebec is $4 per quart. It is the sheriff's theory that the Johnson's have been selling all summer, being met off Seguin by a boat which brings the joy essence straight from Boston.

Besides losing $208 worth of liquor, the Johnson's this afternoon before Judge Keegan, were fined $100 each and costs and given 60 days in jail. Failure to pay the fines and costs means 60 days more in jail, after which the United States government will prosecute them and may fine them $1000.

To cap the climax, Sheriff Oliver will tomorrow libel their $600 cruiser and later sell it at auction for the benefit of Sagadahoc's treasury.

This is the biggest liquor seizure on the Kennebec in months. In the cabin of the cruiser, the sheriff found a shotgun as Mrs. Johnson had said.

GREENLAND

P. C. Call of Boston is to give his famous lecture, "The Maize of the Underworrld," on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock on the Academy grounds under the auspices of the Boy Scouts. He was for 15 years the head of the Dover Mission and his story is full of intense interest.

Thomas Mott Osborne, the famous prison reformer, is to speak to the boys some time later.

Rev. Mr. Lambert has volunteered for duty with a Y. M. C. A. unit in France.

AUTO THIEVES BUSY IN DOVER

An auto having the Maine license of 30957 was stolen last night in front of Central Park in Dover.

EXPOSE GERMAN DISREGARD OF HAGUE COVENANTS

Jurist From Brussells Tells Horrors of Belgium

(By Associated Press)

Saratoga Springs, N. Y., Sept. 6—The story of three years of German violation of the covenants of the Hague convention during the Teutonic occupancy of Belgium since the war began, was told briefly today by Gaston de Leval, of the Bar of Brussells, to members of the American Bar association in convention here.

Many articles of the Hague convention when tested by the facts in Belgium with the invaders applying to their own interpretations, proved almost valueless, Mr. de Leval said.

The imposing of excessive fines, the punishment by death nd imprisonment of Belgian men, women and children unwarrantably accused of treason and lesser crimes and the deportation of his compatriots into slavery were discussed by Mr. de Leval from the legal standpoint.

Notwithstanding "all the sufferings and tyranny to which the Belgian population has been subjected," the speaker asserted the people are as patriotic now as when in the early period of the war they stemmed the German flood at Liege.

"No matter how much the Germans have advertised their victories and how powerfully their military system has impressed the Belgian population, "he said "that population is just as hopeful as during the first days when the cause of civilization will triumph, and that tyranny will be crushed because they know that right is might, that right is the only might and that the Lord said 'Blessed are they which hunger and thirst after righteousness, for they shall be filled.' "

Mr. de Leval told how the Germans tried to make capital of the quarrels which, before the war had taken place between the Flemish and Walloon elements of Belgium—the ones descendants of German tribes and the others descendants of the Romans.

"Since the very beginning, they (the Germans) cajoled the Flemish population," he said. "They tried to make it believe that Germany was helping their aspirations to free themselves of the troublesome ones. They told them that owing to the German efforts, these Walloon elements were to be set aside and the Flemish population emerge richer, freer with its own language in the foreground.

"But the people did not listen to these siren songs. So, the Germans added compulsion to persuasion, and by their 'new' law made one country of the Walloons and one country of the Flemish; hoping of course, that after the war the Flemish population at any rate would be a stepping stone for Germany to further conquest.

'But this separation is only on paper, and is not and will never be completely obtained. All the chiefs of the Belgian departments have resigned rather than carry out such instructions, and the Germans, who had when they came into Belgium, promised that all agents of the Belgian government continuing their duties would always be free, if they so desired, to leave their posts, are now sending to German prisons the chiefs of those departments who have carried out what their consciences told them was their duty."

Mr. de Leval paid tribute to America's aid to his country, and especially to Brand Whitlock, former minister to Belgium. His name, he said, will go down in history, adding, "I know that in no other country of the world, so much as in America, is this country of freedom and justice, do the sufferings of the Belgians arouse sympathy. You have saved Belgium from starvation, and till the end of all time there will be in each village of Belgium a memorial put up to remind future generations that if the Belgian race has not died out, honor for its preservation is due to the citizens of free and generous America.

Mr. de Leval paid a tribute also to Cardinal Mercier, who, he said 'stood in the country like a living flag of Belgium, like a religious king and from all the world he received the hostage due to his courage and genius." The speaker said that one place that remained sacred from invasion was the church to which the "arm of the German law did not dare to extend the iron fist."

Alluding to the Hague convention, Mr. de Leval quoted article 43, which states that the military authority when occupying an enemy country will respect the laws of that country and make no changes unless there is an absolute necessity."

"What is an absolute necessity,? Mr. de Leval continued. Unfortunately, the Hague convention gave no definition and the speeches of its members throw little light on the subject.

"The Germans have given to 'absolute necessity' a wonderful extension. If a law is required by which a machine can be taken out of Belgium to be used by a German manufacturer for no matter what kind of work useful to the German empire, it is soon found an 'absolute necessity' to empty a Belgian to replenish a German factory. If a German politician thinks that a certain rule imposed on Belgium will have some political importance in Germany in a quarter of a century, that rule will be established in Belgium by 'absolute necessity.' If Belgian courts seem too fair to the Germans to be relied upon when a German interest is involved, it will be an 'absolute necessity' to modify the rules of those courts and to bring before a special court "made in Germany," all questions in which such interest is concerned.

'We must never forget that the Brussells bar repeated it time and again to the German commanders, we must never forget that generally speaking the writers of the 19th century have followed Montesquieu's and Rousseau's teachings, which denied the lawfulness of the right of conquest. It has been generally admitted and the Hague convention confirms it, that conquest by itself is merely an act of might and gives no permanent right to the conqueror over the occupied territory, unless a peace treaty confirms it. But of course, when the legitimate ruler of the country can no longer enforce his own enactments in his state and a foreign army occupies it, circumstances arise where it is necessary to modify or even to suppress the existing legislation and replace it by a more adequate rule. The Hague Convention says regarding this:

"Art. XLIII. The authority of legal power having passed de facto into the hands of the occupant, the latter shall take all steps in his power to reestablish and insure, as far as possible, public order and safety, while respecting, unless absolutely prevented, the laws in force in the country."

"All this reads very well in books, but when tested by the facts in Belgium, the Hague Convention—at any rate in this matter—proved almost valueless. It is very nice to say that the occupant shall not modify the existing law of the occupied territory except in case of absoluto necessity. But, as I have already asked, what is absolute necessity? It may be a moral—or rather immoral—it may be a legal or illegal, it may be an economic necessity; it may be a political or a military necessity. Who is to decide? Who is to be the judge of this most perplexing issue? Should the case be decided, like an ordinary case, between the government and the citizens, by the courts of the country? Or should the military authority submit to no judge at all, and simply say 'It is quite enough if I say that there is such a necessity.' "

"Impotent Hague Conventions!" Mr. de Leval exclaimed. "If the gentlemen who sat around the diplomatic tables at The Hague, when drafting the rules by which the civilized nations bound themselves to be governed in war, could hear all the sarcasm, all the blame, 'that was laid by suffering populations on them for what seemed to be so carelessly drafted rules, they would indeed be unhappy."

During the early days of the war, Mr. de Leval declared, apparently there was no rule. "There was," he said, "just the fancy—and most often a cruel fancy—of the German soldier that ruled."

RAILROAD NOTES

One of the far-reaching effects of the draft law has been seen on the Maine Central, where it is reported that 38 men will have to be discharged, as they are under 21 years of age. The men have been working on the road for some time and filled out their application blanks at the time they were employed and all gave their ages at that time as 21 or over and now when the registration came up they did not register and had to show they were under 21. As a result of this 20 firemen and 18 brakemen will have to be let out. This will make it harder for the road which is now short of men.

Willis Goodwin of this city is substituting as passenger brakeman on the Wolfeboro and Boston train during the absence of Frank Moore, who was recently injured in Boston.

TAKES POSITION IN BOSTON.

Arthur Rogers, for some time a foreman for the Portsmouth Gas Company, has taken a similar position in Boston.

Fort Constitution, N. H., Sealed proposals lumber for six barracks and other buildings here will be received until 12 M., September 10, 1917. Information on application to Quartermaster.

PEOPLE YOU KNOW

Paul O'Brien of McDonough street is visiting relatives in Lawrence.

Merritt Delano has been on a visit in Portland, Me.

Harry Snow and wife of Haverhill are the guests of relatives in this city.

Miss Zyltha Woods is passing a week at Brighton, Mass.

F. H. Ward and daughter are passing a few days in Boston.

Miss Mary Grady of Dorchester is the guest of Miss Mary H. Holland on Islington street.

Miss Emma H. Hartford is attending the convention of Women's Clubs at Durham.

Henry Murch of Summer street is enjoying a vacation from his duties at the navy yard.

Miss Clara Dore Robinson, who has been the guest of Miss Roberta Pickering, has returned to Boston.

Mrs. F. W. Wheeler an dthree children of Park street are the guests of relatives in Manchester.

Miss Ruth Emery is visiting her cousin, Klora Horn, at West Harwich, Mass.

Mrs. Minot Beacham and daughter are returning to Albany after a visit with Mrs. R. H. Beacham in this city.

F. D. Butler and family have closed their summer residence ata Rye North Beach and are now aat their home on Lincoln avenue.

Jackson M. Washburn, assistant cashier of the N. M. & T. bank, is enjoying his annual vacation of two weeks.

Miss Marguerite Ducker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Ducker, has entered the Bryant & Stratton school in Boston.

Mrs. William Craig and children Pearl and Merle, of State street, have returned from Toronto, Canada, where they have spent the summer months with Mrs. Craig's sister, Mrs. Edward Manson.

Judge E. L. Guptill, R. W. Gray, S. T. Newton, Charles R. Quinn, Ceylon Spinney and N. H. Beane, attended the meetings of the County Republican club at Hampton today.

NEW NATIONAL ARMY GATHERS

Ayer, Mass., Sept. 5.—Over 500 of the members of the new national army from the New England states and a part of New York state, reported for duty at Camp Devens today. At 10 p. m. five per cent of the Maine and some of the other states had arrived. The first delegation was the Maine, and as soon as they arrived they were taken to the camp and when they reached the main gate a narmy surgeon looked them over and if all right they were passed along to their barracks and as soon as they have bathed and received their clothing they are at liberty to wander about the grounds. Brig. General John Johnson commanding a district in the east, paid an official visit to the camp today and inspected and talked to the new men. The Maine and New Hampshire delegates have elected to sleep together. The Maine and New Hampshire men will be put to work at once in the heavy artillery.

Inexpensive Floors that Look as Well as Hardwood

When a floor is bare and polished, it is often referred to as a "hardwood" floor, when such is not the case. The reference has come to apply more to the *style* than to the wood itself. There are today other woods on the market which cost far less than hardwood, are just as beautiful, and wear practically as well. We can show you these stained in beautiful colors.

Littlefield Lumber Co.

Note—Among the woods mentioned above, one of the most conspicuous for its beauty, quality and reasonable price is North Carolina Pine—for floor and trim.

PROMPT DENIAL BY RED CROSS

Concord, Sept. 5—Headquarters of the New Hampshire Red Cross Chapter have had numerous complaints from different parts of the state, particularly from the north country in regard to rumors that have been circulated that garments and knitted articles contributed to the Red Cross are sold. Similar rumors have been current in other states. There has been so much of this talk that James Jackson manager of New England division has issued a bulletin denying such rumors. The portion particularly interesting to New Hampshire reads as follows:

"Several reports have come to us from various chapters stating that the people in their community claim that the soldiers were having to pay money in order to get Red Cross sweaters, etc., also that the supply service was selling to various department stores the finished articles. If these rumors come to your attention I wish you would please emphatically deny them, as the American Red Cross has not sold any of its finished Red Cross articles to any individual soldier or department store in this way or any other city."

For the week ending Sept. 1, 3275 finished garments and 10,771 surgical dressings were shipped from Concord headquarters to Boston. Since Aug. 20, 2190 pounds of yarn has been shipped from the state headquarters to the different branches to be used in making sweaters, mufflers and socks. The New Hampshire Chapter has been requested to furnish 10,000 of each before the middle of October in order to protect the boys from the rigors of winter.

COLONIAL

Wednesday-Thursday

ART CRAFT PICTURES PRESENT

Mary Pickford

—IN—

"A ROMANCE OF THE RED WOODS"

A New and Novel Role for Little Mary.

New Fall and Winter Suits

Hats at Money Saving Prices

You will save money if you buy here. A small deposit will hold them for you until wanted.

Big mark-downs on all summer goods.

THE SIEGEL STORE CO.,

57 MARKET ST.

THE STORE OF QUALITY.

Mail and Telephone Orders Promptly Attended To.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY AND TIME BY LETTING US SAVE YOUR SOLES.

We use the.

GOODYEAR *welt system*

And Good Stock

Everything in Footwear. Shoe Findings

A Full Line of Tennis Goods.

OREN BRAGDON & SON

Portsmouth, N. H.

OLYMPIA WEDNESDAY-THURSDAY

ALICE JOYCE

In the Vitagraph Super-Feature

"HER SECRET"

VIVIAN MARTIN IN "THE SPIRIT OF ROMANCE"

"SUDS OF LOVE"

The Best Fable Comedy Yet Produced.

"THE HOUSE"

Not lighted by Electricity—no matter what other advantages it may possess—has a serious drawback in the eyes of everyone.

Now is the time to have your house wired

Rockingham County Light & Power Company

Telephone 130. 29 Pleasant Street, Portsmouth, N. H.

Fall Styles

Young School Men

will find here just the right kind of school toggery. Just swaggery enough to give you "class"—clothes that are built to fit and wear—just right in price to suit the wallet.

Collegiates long pant suits, $12 to $25

"Right Posture" Knicker suits $6 to $12

Swagger Caps 50c to $2

Smart Shoes $3.50 to $9.00

Smaller Boys' Shoes $2.00 to $3.50

N. H. BEAN & CO.

Congress St. 22 High St.

NEW GAS SHELLS FOR YANKEE SOLDIERS

(By Associated Press)

Paris, Sept. 5.—Further details have been obtained about the new gas shells which the Germans are now using, and their effect upon the persons who breathe the fumes.

Armentieres is the first town in the annals of history to have been literally poisoned to such a degree that its civil population has had to be removed lest it should be entirely destroyed.

While heavy shells were rained on the houses, forcing the people to take refuge in the cellars, a multitude of small shells, not powerful enough to smash a pavement stone, fell everywhere, in street and courtyard and garden. These shells contain no gas or powder, but a colorless liquid which spreads over the ground. Only very slightly volatile, the liquid leaves traces for hours after the shell has exploded. It evaporates very slowly, producing a heavy gas which filters downward and reaches the cellars where refuge has been sought.

This gas, remarkably tenacious, has made more victims among women than among men, because it penetrates the hair and remains there, while tobacco smoke has proved an unexpected protection for men. The odor is described by some as recalling acetylene, by others as resembling mignonette, but the majority say it is like hot mustard. It takes some time to produce its effects.

Inhabitants of Armentieres who have breathed its emanations in the morning, when walking in the town, have been able to return home without feeling any effect, but five or six hours later they have been obliged to go to bed, and their condition has rapidly become serious.

The bronchial tubes are affected first, the eyelids become swollen, and little by little the sight is lost. All the mucous membranes are attacked and the body seems on fire inside, while burns (which doctors described as of the "second degree") cover all the skin. Continuous coughing sets in, with a fever temperature, the skin becomes dull and sickly and the affliction proves fatal in many cases.

A British army medical officer, protected by a mask, exposed himself to the gas for a quarter of an hour as an experiment, and was burned all over the body, except where the mask protected his head and on the wrist where the strap of his watch offered protection.

Father Camelot, dean of Saint-Vaast at Armentieres, was poisoned, little by little, as he performed his sacred duties. The town, since November, 1916, has been reduced to a single parish and Father Camelot took charge of it, "wishing," as he said, "to remain there as long as a single soul remained." He is the fifth priest of Armentieres to be a victim of the war.

The British Army Medical Service is making every effort to analyze the liquid thus used for producing this gas. Its emanations have an analogy with the tear-producing gas, which blinds for a time, but the effects of the new poison are infinitely more severe.

French investigations of the liquid tends to show that it is not a new thing but a mixture of sulphide an dchlorine, already studied and known, but never before used in this manner. The proportion of deaths to the number of people affected is not high, not one per cent for the northern towns, but the number of people affected maybe very great.

The public hasbeen advised that if, during an air raid, the smell of mustard essence is noted, to move to the upper stories, and to breathe through a compress soaked with a certain solution. Women have been told to wrap their hair in wet cloth. Sawdust, sand, or earth should be thrown on any of the liquid that may be seen before it has evaporated, the authorities have warned; and finally, if any serious case arises and no doctor is at hand, vomiting should be produced as rapidly as possible and then large quantities of milk should be drunk.

Get Your Money's Worth

Save waste in buying as well as in eating!

For net food results

Grape-Nuts

is an ideal Cereal--practically 100 per cent. nutrition.

In using Grape-Nuts you

Save in Buying
Save on Cooking
Save on Serving
Save on Waste
Save on Spoilage
Save on Health

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

The Food With The Snappy Flavor.

GOLFERS MUCH PLEASED WITH NASHUA COURSE

The members of the Portsmouth Country Club, who attended the state championship were greatly pleased with the Nashua Country Club and the excellent way the tournament was handled. The club did not spare time, money or effort to make the visiting golfers feel at home.

The club has an ideal home with all the facilities of any of the big golf clubs and they have a most brilliant future. The golf course is over ideal golfing country and considering the fact that the club is only a year old, the course, both fair way and putting greens, are in good shape.

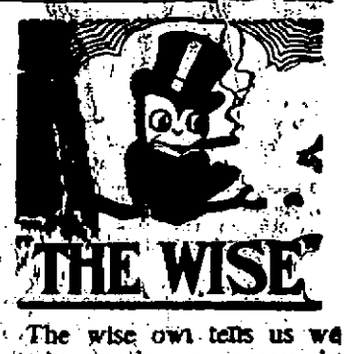
No attempt has been made as yet to trap the course, and this is perfectly proper, for until the turf on the putting greens becomes better established traps would not improve the course.

The country club is the old city farm, the old house, a rambling frame structure, has been changed over into an ideal club house with plenty of room for social affairs and an excellent cafe, in fact the table at the club is one of its most striking features.

Col. Swart, the president of the club and "Bob" French, the genial and efficient secretary, were on the job all of the time and looked after the comfort of all.

The field in the qualifying round was the largest in the history of the organization, there being 108 starters. While there were many upsets in this round, it was pleasing to see so many of the younger golfers coming through. Young Cooper, who won the state championship is a member of the Portsmouth Country Club, and a son of a former state champion. He has a good golfing style and promises to develop into a very worthy successor to the former holders of the title.

Mr. C. W. Bass, the former state champion, now located in Tulsa, Okla., sent a telegram of greeting to the association on the opening round. The team from the Portsmouth Country Club, although playing below their usual standard, won the team championship.



"THE WISE"

The wise owl tells us we must practice economy in every way to help our country in the present crisis. The wise woman will do so by sending her washing to us, thereby saving time, labor, and expense. A trial will convince you that this statement is true.

NEW METHOD LAUNDRY

Tel. 373. Commercial Wharf

Water Street.

Tired backs are unknown to the patrons of this wet wash laundry. We can do your washing much better and quicker than you can because we have the equipment and its our business. Remember, too, promptness and reasonable prices is our motto.

Home Washing Co.,

315 Maplewood Ave. Tel. [illegible]

L. M. GROVER, Prop.

FAIR NOTES

The Fair had ideal weather and the crowd took good advantage of it.

The exhibition of farm produce at the fair was remarkable, considering the late season. The potatoe exhibition was especially noteworthy and promises good quality of potatoes for the winter.

The horse show was a big feature of the last day of the fair and this event can, by a little more of the kind of work put into it by Mr. W. A. Bragdon, be made a big event.

The crowds at the fair were handled very well by the motor busses running in connection with the street railway.

The cattle shown at the fair this year, was as good as can be found in any of the big fairs.

PORTSMOUTH IS ALIVE.

Portsmouth Fair Association takes this means of thanking those merchants who so kindly closed their places of business on Wednesday afternoon, thus taking the initiative in a policy destined to assist Portsmouth to work for the best interest of the community, and also the directors and Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce and in particular Mr. R. L. Costello and Mr. F. A. Gray, for their valuable assistance. It is hoped that another year will see all merchants keeping in step with the procession in making Portsmouth Day an annual feature hereafter.

FAIR COMMITTEE.

REPAIRING
In All Its Branches

With the prevailing high prices in shoes it pays to have your old ones repaired. Our work is that reliable kind that pleases the most particular people. Dependable work at lowest prices.

FULIS BROS.,
157 Congress St.

Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

TEMPORARY SERVICE STATION AND SALES DEPT.

At Rear of 308 Pleasant St.

(LOOK FOR THE BLUE SIGN)

The New Salesroom and Service Station will be located on Richards Ave.

Delivery on New 1918 Cars will start in the near future.

Brooks Motor Co.

Frank E. Brooks, Prop.

Tel. 1317. Open 8 a. m. to 7 p. m.

GERMAN PLOT FORMING TO GET AN ARMISTICE

IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT TO YIELD TO MINIMUM PEACE TERMS FORMULATED BY REICHSTAG.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 6.—The news from Berlin indicates clearly to high Government officials here that the Imperial Government wolf is preparing to put onsheep's clothing and that bleatings will begin soon, the purpose being to gather peace delegates into the fold for a conference before winter.

Reports from Berlin show that the President's reply to the Pope, setting forth this country's position that no agreement can be made with the Imperial Government and that no treaty can ever be signed with any German power unless the German people themselves are parties to the agreement, has produced results.

A plot is being formed at this moment to meet the conditions of the President. The Reichstag will make demands upon the government and the government will yield. The plan for the make-believe subordination of the government and the ascendancy of the people will appear in minimum peace terms to be formulated by the Reichstag and to this demand the government will yield.

Inquiry reveals that Administration officials are fully cognizant of what is going on. The purpose of Berlin is to bring about a conference by any means before winter.

As pointed out, the world is not to be deceived in the least by any news that comes from Berlin from the present moment on, as it should not have been deceived in the past. This Government realizes that it is not peace the German Government wants now. It wants an armistice for one reason alone—a chance to recuperate for next year's campaign. So, speaking openly and blandly, as this Government's officials understand the situation, Germany will do anything to bring about a conference. What amazes officials more than anything else in this situation is the remarkable fact that the German Government has the notion that the United States can be deceived by the news from Berlin indicating any sudden change of heart.

Government officials have not commented upon the fact, but it appears from the reports on Tuesday that the German people themselves, through their representatives, far from manifesting any disposition to break from the master over them, are to be used now willingly in a game of make-believe compliance with the terms laid down by the President.

The first sign of the ascendancy of the popular will, which at the moment is the same as that of the Imperial Government, and the yielding of the Imperial Government, will be seized upon by the Pope, it is anticipated, as the basis for a second or follow-up appeal, in which the willingness of the Imperial Government to yield and the self-assertion of the German people will be pointed to as a reason for hastening the glad day for a peace conference. This will increase, apparently, the responsibility of the President for the continuation of the war if he should reject the second appeal, as he will do.

IREMOVIABILITY OF JUDGES

(By Associated Press)

Petrograd, Sept. 6.—A paradox of free Russia is that she has been obliged to suspend the sacred principle of the irremovability of judges.

The famous judicial statutes of 1864 part of the reforms of Alexander II, proclaimed that judges in order to protect their independence, were henceforth removable. In practice, the despotic government, without actually dismissing impartial judges, made conditions impossible for them and forced them to resign.

Ministers of Justice, particularly the notorious Stcheglovitoff, now interned in the St. Peter and St. Paul Fortress, appointed so many bad judges that the Provisional Government has been obliged to rescind temporarily the irremovability clause in order to get rid of them.

Once the corps of judges is cleansed of vicious elements, irremovability will be restored.

BOTTLED IN BOND

James E. Pepper Whiskey

Aged by Time are our excellent whiskies. They represent the acme of distilling, blending and fermenting. Scientific methods are employed in the distilling of whiskies truly worth while. Wines, liquors and beers. Deliveries prompt. Satisfaction guaranteed

JOSEPH SACCO,

252 Market St.

A. MUSTONE

115 PENHALLOW ST.

High Grade Wines and Liquors.

Ale and Lager on Draught.

Shooting Gallery

OPEN DURING DAY.

LEARN TO SHOOT HERE!

Plymouth Business School

Fall Term Begins Tuesday, Sept. 11,'17

The demand for competent office help is greater than ever before in the history of our country.

Day and Evening Sessions.

COURSES

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING,
BOOKKEEPING AND BUSINESS PRACTICE,
CIVIL SERVICE PREPARATORY,
PRIVATE SECRETARIAL,
COMMERCIAL TEACHING, ENGLISH.

Office Hours, after Sept. 3—2 to 5 P. M. and 7.00 to 8.30 P. M. Daily.

Telephone Connection.
TIMES BUILDING,
Opposite Post Office.

E. L. Perry, Principal.
C. E. Wright, Manager.

ARE YOUR TEETH EXTRA SENSITIVE?

Many people have extra sensitive teeth and have allowed their mouths to get in a terrible condition because their previous trips to the dentist have been nothing short of going to the electric chair. Now friends, with me it is so different. There is ABSOLUTELY NO PAIN WHEN YOU COME TO ME. Try me just once I am the different dentist.

Sets Teeth ..... $5 up
Gold Fillings ..... $1 up
Gold Crowns ..... $5 up
Bridge Work ..... $5 up
Other Fillings ..... $1 up

NO PAIN; No HIGH PRICES

THE PRICES IN MY OFFICE ARE THE LOWEST IN THE CITY.

DR. T. T. ESTABROOKS, 39 Congress St., Portsmouth.

9 A. M. to 8 P. M. TEL. 1108W. NURSE IN ATTENDANCE.

BONNIE RYE

Always a Fancy Whiskey without a Fancy Price. Taste and know why.

EVERY SWALLOW MAKES A FRIEND

Distilled and Bottled by Bonnie Bros., at Louisville, Kentucky.

Andrew O. Caswell,
Wholesale Distributor.

For Sale by

O. W. PRIEST,
JOSEPH SACCO,
HENRY P. PAYNE
CITY BOTTLING WORKS,
135 Penhallow St.
MATTHEW JACQUES,
Vaughan Street.
FOGARTY & SHRIEDER,
Ladd Street.

Popular Prices.

TRUCK For a Little Money

Convert Your Ford Car Into a One Ton Truck

By Using a

Tonford Unit—the Cheapest and Most Durable Truck on the Market.

This truck is suitable for expressmen, coal dealers, wholesale grocers, etc.

Call at my shop for demonstration. Truck body building a specialty. Ford bodies built to order.

FREDERICK WATKINS,
111 Hanover St., Portsmouth

VIA RAIL & BOAT

BAY STATE LINE NEW YORK $2.00

VIA TROLLEY AND BOAT, $2.50
Stateroms, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.
Steel Steamships
GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily including Sunday, between Providence and Pier 19, East River, N. Y.
Improved Service—Tel. Main 1742. City Ticket Office, 338 Washington St., Boston.

Red Seal Batteries

W. S. JACKSON,

111 Market St.

7-20-4

R. G. SULLIVAN, Mfg.

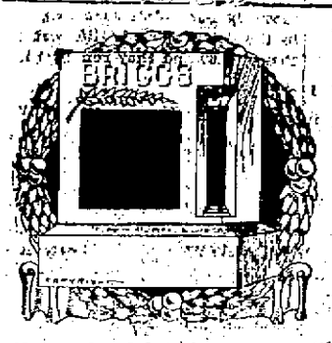
Factory output two hundred thousand daily. Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world.

FACTORY,
MANCHESTER, N. H.

$$$ & SENSE

It means real dollars and cents to you to follow your own good sense and have us weld that broken auto part, casting or other broken metal part into a strong, durable whole. Our oxygen-acetylene welding is a real money saver to you—it will save worry, time, high cost of new parts and inconvenience. No matter what kind of a metal part you have broken see us before you buy a new one. Expert work—moderate charges.

G. A. TRAFTON,
200 Market St., Portsmouth
HORSESHOEING AND JOBBING.



If you place an order for a Granite Monument with us we do not order it of a manufacturer, but we manufacture it right here at our plant, which is equipped with the most modern machinery operated by electric power and is the only plant so equipped in this section. We carry the largest stock of finished monuments and tablets of any city east of Boston.

Call and see the variety of designs we carry.

Fred C. SMALLEY,
CORNER STATE & WATER STS.
Also Dover, N. H., Opp. City Hall.

STANTON'S GARAGE

44 Hanover St.

If your Car needs repairs let me estimate the expense of overhaul.

Quick Service and Reasonable Charges

Personal Supervision of All Work.

A First-Class Service Station
44 Hanover St.

FRANK M. STANTON, Proprietor
Tel. 882W.

Do You Throw Your Money Away?

If you do not, save it by bringing your old clothes to us to be renovated and repaired. We can many times give you an extra year's wear out of a suit you consider hopeless. Our cleaning department is so near perfection a scientific knowledge and modern equipment can make it. In our dyeing department we make a specialty of turning out work at two days' notice.

SUSSMAN'S DYE HOUSE
129 Penhallow St. Tel. 18

Chas. W. Greene

FIRST CLASS SHOE REPAIRING
Shoes Made to Order, Guaranteed.
A Full Line of Shoe Findings, Laces, Arches, Pulleys, Buttons, etc.
[illegible] State St.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.
Opp. P. O.

Decorations

FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS
WEDDINGS AND FUNERALS

R. CAPSTICK
[illegible]

Automobile Insurance

Collision and Fire
Best Form of Policy Issued

John Sise & Co.
3 Market Square,
Portsmouth, N. H.

AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY INSURANCE

will be written for a short term at a very low cost. Limits $5000 and $10,000. Let us quote you a rate.

Provided an accident occurs causing injury, how much better you will feel to know that The Travelers Ins. Co. stands in your place, settling all court charges together with limits as above stated.

C. E. TRAFTON
GENERAL AGENT,
N. H. Bank Bldg. Phones 81 or 990

Granite State Fire Insurance Company

Of Portsmouth, N. H.

Paid Up Capital $200,000

OFFICERS:
Calvin Page, President
Joseph O. Hobbs, Vice President
Alfred F. Howard, Secretary
John W. Emery, Asst. Sec.

A. Thurston Parker

SUCCESSOR TO
OLIVER W. HAM
122 Market St.

Funeral Director and Licensed Embalmer.
Phone at Office and Residence.
Lady Assistant provided when required.

Telephone 598 for
FINEST
COLLAR WORK
in New England.
We have the "Last Word" in collar machinery and Guarantee to "Make Good."
CENTRAL STEAM LAUNDRY
Pleasant Street.

J. Verne Wood

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
(Successor to H. W. Nickerson)
Office,
13 Daniel St., Portsmouth.
We are as near you as your telephone.
Call 281Y Day or Night.
Licensed in Maine and New Hampshire.

SMOKE S. G. LONDRES 10c CIGAR
Has No Equal.
S. GRYZMISH, Manufacturer
Boston, Mass.

PLANS COVERING WOMAN'S WORK IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

Important Conferences Are Held at State House in Concord.

Concord, Sept. 4—Comprehensive plans for the women's work in New Hampshire for the war were considered at the meeting of the Women's Committee Council of National Defense and Committee of Public Safety in Representatives' hall at the State house house today. Mrs. Mary I Wood of Portsmouth, the chairman, presided at both the morning and afternoon conferences. This afternoon Huntley N. Spaulding, federal food conservator for New Hampshire, took part in the deliberations and this evening Mrs. Wood had a further conference with Mr. Spaulding and members of the food committee at the estate house. The plans have been so far developed that work on most of the branches of the undertaking will begin in August immediately. Mrs. Wood arranged today with Mr. Spaulding to go to Durham Thursday, to give an informal talk to the members of the Federation of Women's clubs who will be there forthe annual field meeting, at which war problems will figure prominently on the program and Mr. Spaulding also has several other speaking engagements with women's organizations in various parts of the state in the next few weeks.

It was brought out at the meeting of the woman's committee today, that 179 towns of the state are fully organized and that several others are partially organized. Only three large towns in the state are without roganizations.

The first definite undertaking of the woman's committee in New Hampshire was to circulate the Hoover pledge cards. More than 120,000 of these cards have been sent out and Mrs. Wood announced today that a large proportion of these had already been returned. So effectively has the work been done in this line that New Hampshire has been placed in the "100 per cent" in organization states and the word from Washington is that New Hampshire is well in the lead.

All lines of endeavor in which women are, or may be called upon to aid in the war work, are to be taken up by the woman's committee, working in co-operation with the State Public Safety Committee, in the matter of food conservation experiment station New Hampshire College, as well as the state food committee. Ten home economic teachers are to tour the state under the direction of Miss H. N. Glanton who has been director of the food conservatio nexperiment station on the estate of Mrs. William L. Schofield at Peterborough. They will give instructions to the women where it is needed and advise all women's organizations.

One of the plans to be carried out is a house to house canvass, covering the entire state and making Hoover's lessons available to all women who desire to help in the war. The state has been divided into blocks of five towns with one woman in general of each unit, working with the women of the towns.

Each member of the state committee has a special line of work. Mrs. Wood, for instance, has food conservation, as her special part. She will travel about the state and tell what has been done and what may be done to help in this way, working in conjunction with the state food committee. Mrs. Wesley Adams of Derry is Mrs. Wood's chief assistant, and she will aim to get in more direct touch with the women in the rural communities.

Mrs. Richard W. Husband has direct charge of the department handling the constructive social work, and Mrs. Schofield the vocational training department. Mrs. Schofield particularly intends to find what manufacturers, railroads and industries generally contemplate taking on women to do the work hitherto done by the men. Mrs. Schofield already has made good progress.

Mrs. Charles P. Bancroft of Concord has the department dealing with the co-operation of the present nursing and medical forces of the state and her efforts will be directed largely toward having women of the state trained to take the places of the nurses who may be called away for active war service.

Miss Anne Hobbs of Concord is studying women in industries, with a view to stabilizing wages. That is, if the women do the work as well as the men whose places they take, it is felt they should receive the same pay as the men. Otherwise there should be an equilization of wages in some fair manner.

Mrs. Albertus Dudley of Exeter is looking after the patriotic education and Mrs. David E. Murphy of Concord is in charge of the commercial economy department. Mrs. Murphy's work is along the same line as Professor Husband's recent investigation in the matter of systematic deliveries by the merchants, except that Mrs. Murphy is to work with the women in the homes, striving to have them order early and everything at once and to encourage the women to carry home small parcels themselves.

Mrs. A. H. Harriman of Laconia has the department to co-operate with the Red Cross.

Much Colder

ARE YOU READY?

A GAS HEATING STOVE

is just the thing for the chilly fall mornings and evenings The instant you feel cold light the gas and at once you feel its pleasing healthful warmth.

IT'S ECONOMICAL HEATING, TOO.

You use gas only when you need heat. When you haev enough heat, turn off the gas.

CLEAN — ODORLESS — SANITARY.

PORTSMOUTH GAS CO.,

Always at Your Service

NATION-WIDE RAID ON I. W. W.

U. S. Agents Seize Papers in Treason Evidence Hunt

Washington, Sept. 6.—The government yesterday took drastic action to end the anti-war propaganda and activities conducted in the name of the Industrial Workers of the World, the Socialist party and other organizations throughout the United States.

On orders from Attorney General Gregory, United States marshals in many towns and cities descended at 2 p. m., Central time, upon local headquarters of the Industrial Works of the World, seized books, checks, correspondence and other documents, and, in some instances, arrested officials found upon the premises. The arrest at Chicago of William D. Haywood, the organization's national secretary, was a conspicuous example.

In Chicago, federal agents took possession of the national headquarters of the Socialist party, and a warant authorizing the seizure of its documents was served upon its counsel.

The seizure of documents was carried out in accordance with a plan perfected here by William C. Fitts, assistant attorney general, working under the direction of the attorney general. A statement issued by the Department of Justice announced that the seizure of papers was made in connection with a federal grand jury investigation of the Industrial Workers of the World now proceeding at Chicago.

The department's action was taken on the eve of a report to President Wilson by Chief Justice Covington of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, who was designated recently by the President to investigate the labor situation in the West.

Judge Covington has completed his investigation, which lasted several weeks, and took him to the Pacific coast, and probably will report to President Wilson today.

Whether the concerted action of marshals throughout the country was in any way related to Judge Covington's investigation, was not disclosed. It is known, however, that Judge Covington made a special study of the activities of the Industrial Workers of the World. It was shortly after he reached the Northwest that 27 leaders of the organization were arrested by Idaho national guardsmen the day before the time set for a general strike in Washington, Oregon, Montana and Idaho. The charges against leaders of the organization under arrest, or whose arrest is contemplated, were not made public here. It was said at the Department of Justice that these would have to be determined by the grand jury investigating the organization.

Officials also declined to state if indictments had been found by grand juries in Chicago or elsewhere against Industrial Workers of the World leaders. It was intimated, however, that the investigation had only begun. Indications are that federal grand juries in other cities will be called upon also to investigate the activities of the organization.

For many weeks past the activities of Industrial Workers of the World leaders have been under close scrutiny of the department's bureau of investigation. Scores of field workers, chiefly in the West and Middle West, have devoted their undivided attention to alleged attempts on the part of leaders to embarrass the government in the conduct of the war by strikes and other disturbances called in the name of labor.

These activities have never been regarded here as a labor movement. They have been held to be political and, in some instances, conducted with a view solely to hinder and hamper the government in exercising the full strength in carrying on the war.

Charges of many complexions have been received by the department in connection with the organization's activities. Recently it was charged that, included in the ranks of the Industrial Workers of the World, were many Austrians who have been active in stirring up strife intended to hamper American industries, doing work handled by Germans before the United States declared a state of war existing with Germany.

Continued investigation has failed, it is understood, to connect these activities with German money. The department has determined the principal reservoirs of German funds in this country and, it is reported, has not connected them with recent disorders in the West and Southwest.

Local United States attorneys have reported many instances of a suspicious nature in connection with alleged labor troubles, however, and these have been the subject of departmental investigation.

As a result of the countrywide seizure of the organization's papers, the Department of Justice tonight finds itself in possession of documents by the thousand, many of which will be submitted to grand juries as the basis of an investigation to determine whether leaders can be prosecuted.

Prosecutions may be begun under several laws, chiefly the espionage act, covering the utterances of treasonable and seditious statements, and the food control law. Prosecutions under the latter law could be conducted in instances where it was shown that attempts were being made, by conspiracy or otherwise to impede the interstate movements of foodstuffs and other commodities controlled by the government and neede dfor the successful prosecution of the war.

The federal raiders acted in the following cities of the Middle esWt: Chicago, Detroit, Milwaukee, Wis.; Duluth and Minneapolis, Minn. Farther East raids extended to Pittsburg and Philadelphia.

For dyspepsia, our national ailment, use Burdock Blood Bitters. Recommended for strengthening digestion, purifying the blood. At all drug stores. $1.25 a bottle.

The directors of the Chamber of Commerce meet on Tuesday evening.

PORTSMOUTH FISH CO.

TELEPHONE 760
BUYERS OF TOMTOD
Cod,
Haddock, Halibut,
Fresh Mackerel,
Oysters, Clams,
Salt Mackerel,
Salt Herring,
Smoked Herring,
Slack Salted Pollock and Codfish.
AUTO DELIVERY.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

You Get RESULTS From Them

Just Phone 37 | 3 Lines 1 Week 40c

TRY ONE TODAY AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED

WANTED

WANTED—A cook. Apply at once at the Portsmouth hospital. hc 1w, S 4.

HARRY L. PIO, carpenter and roofer, shingling a specialty. No. 1 North School street. hc s4, 1w

WANTED—Handy man to work in furniture store; good wages, permanent position to steady, reliable man or boy to learn the business. Apply 99 Penhallow street. hc s4, 1w

WANTED—Plain sewing, children's dresses, etc. Reasonable prices. Apply 20 School st. Phone 637X. hc s1,1w

WANTED—A waitress to work in a restaurant. Apply at No. 22 Vaughan street. hc a29, 1w

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper by young lady who has had some experience. Address P. O. Box 19, New Castle, N. H. hc a31, 1w

WANTED—Driver for laundry delivery. Apply in person to Portsmouth Steam Laundry. hc a 27, tf

WANTED—To rent for several months, furnished house or rooms for light housekeeping with conveniences. Address J. F. this office. ch 1w a28

WANTED—In Exeter, a live boy or girl to gather news for the Portsmouth Herald. Address The Herald, Portsmouth, N. H. ch tf m28

WANTED—In York, a live girl or boy to gather news for the Portsmouth Herald. Address The Herald, Portsmouth, N. H. ch tf m19

GIRL WANTED.—One familiar with typewriting and some ability to canvass. Address Business, Herald-Chronicle Office.

WANTED—In Newmarket, a live girl or boy to gather news for the Portsmouth Herald. Address The Herald, Portsmouth, N. H. ch tf m15

FOR RENT—The third floor over Chas. W. Green's store, next to A. G. Brewster's Bldg., also the basement. The upper floor would make an excellent photograph gallery or tin shop. Inquire at this office. hc m27, tf

FURNITURE MOVING—Both local and long distance, with heavy auto truck and handlers of long experience. Prices moderate. The Portsmouth Furniture Co., cor. Deer and Vaughan streets, near B. & M. depot. hc a24, tf

TO LET

TO LET—Large newly furnished front room (bath room adjoining) in private family. Address J this office or telephone 884W. hc s6, 1w

TO LET—Furnished room in Kittery, gentleman preferred. Tel. 774M. hc s6, 1w

TO LET—Furnished house, seven rooms, bath, all modern improvements, in residential district. Address D, this office. hc s6, 1w

TO LET—From Oct. 1 to May 1, 1918, my front office, 32 State street. Dr. W. O. Junkins. hc s5, 1w

TO LET—Furnished rooms, best location in city. Address B, this office. hc s5, tf

FOR RENT—Bungalow, five rooms and toilet, running water, electric lights; stone fire place, large piazza; completely furnished. In pine woods on river bank. Within two minutes of electric cars. Fine for Sept and Oct. Phone 621. hc 1w S1.

TO LET—Furnished room at 358 Islington street. Modern improvements. hc 1w S 1.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms in new home, not for light housekeeping. None but reliable parties need apply. Telephone 591-W. hc 1w, a30

TO LET—Select furnished rooms near navy yard, Kittery. Fine location, private residence, large, light and sunny; bath, steam heat and electric light. None but reliable parties need apply. Tel. 327 R. hc 1w A 28.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 175 State street. hc 1w A 28.

TO LET—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address S, Herald Office. hc 1w A 28.

TO LET—A furnished room on Lincoln avenue for male occupancy. Inquire Chronicle-Herald Office.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Small National cash register. Apply to Box 283. eh tf a27

FOR SALE—New and refinished furniture. Furniture at less than half regular prices; also highest cash price paid for second hand furniture and office furnishings, roll-top desks, safes, counters, antiques, etc. 99 Penhallow St. Tel. 794M. hc o1, tf

FOR SALE—Light mare, for driving or saddle. Big bargain as owner has moved away. Inquire of John Staples, near Eliot station, Eliot, Me. hc, 1w, a30

FOR SALE—11-ft. soda counter, solid cherry, slate top, all one piece. P. O. Box 263, city. a28

FOR SALE—1914 Rambler auto; has been run less than 60 miles; practically new tires; engine and electrical appliances in good shape; apply at No. 33 Northwest street. ch a30,1w

FOR SALE—House of three rooms, small farm, barn, hen house and hen yard wired in for three hundred hens; acre and a half land with apple, pear, plum, peach, quince trees and grape vines. All planting has been done. Five minutes walk from schoolhouse. Apply to C. H. Miller, Durgin's Lane, off Woodbury avenue, Portsmouth, N. H. hc s 9, tf.

TYPEWRITERS of all makes for sale and to rent. The Typewriter Store, Dover, N. H. hc a 17, tf

FOR SALE—Some very good show cases and wall fixtures. Apply at this office.

LOST.

LOST—Black and white silk purse containing sum of money, on 11 o'clock car from York Beach, between Rosemary and Ferry. Reward offered. Communicate with Mattie F. Stevenson, Tel. 955M, Kittery, Me. h s5, 4t

LOST—Wednesday evening, Sept. 5, on Richards avenue, a black and white collie puppy. Finder return to Fred Hett, 50 Richards ave., and receive reward. hc s6, 3t

FOUND—On Wednesday, Sept. 5, a Connecticut auto license. Owner may have same by proving property and paying $1. Apply at this office.

LOST—Between Ward's Corner and Portsmouth Plains a silver pin of Jamestown Exposition with dates 1607-1907. Finder please return to this office and be rewarded. hc 1w S 4.

LOST—Between Fair View Farm, Newington, and Market square, table cloths with laundry mark A. F. G. Finder call phone 303-13. hc s4,3t

FOUND—Suit case near Kittery Junction. Owner can have same by proving property and paying charges. L. H. Tetherly, South Eliot, Me. s4,3t

LOST—By a small boy, a sum of money ($3.00) either on Pleasant or State streets, or Richards avenue. Finder return to 39 Richards Ave. hc, 1w, a29.

FOUND—A dory, named "Dolly." Owner may have same by proving property. David Bridge, care Jameson's Fish Market, city. hc s5, 3t

WRECKED STOLEN AUTO WITH HAMMER

It is stated that the Reed car, which was run into a ditch in Raymond by the three roysterers who did such a stunt in two states, and are now under arrest in Portsmouth, was not damaged at all by their driving, but that after they had landed it in the ditch they wantonly took a hammer, or a wrench from the tool box and smashed the headlights and windshield and did other useless injury to the car.—Manchester Mirror.

CEMETERY LOTS CARED FOR AND TURFING DONE

With improved facilities the subscribers again are prepared to take charge of and keep in order such lots in any of the cemeteries of the city as may be entrusted to their care. They will also give careful attention to the turfing and grading of them, also to the cleaning of monuments and headstones, and the removal of bodies. In addition to work at the cemeteries they will do turfing and grading in the city on short notice. Cemetery lots for sale also Loam and Turf. Orders left at residence, corner of Richards avenue and South street, or by mail with Oliver A. Ham 44 Market Street, will be given prompt attention.

M. J. GRIFFIN & SON

THE COMPANY WITH THE PYRAMID
47 YEARS OF CONSECUTIVE PYRAMIDAL PROGRESS
NEW HAMPSHIRE FIRE INSURANCE CO.
TOTAL LIABILITIES $3,[illegible]
POLICYHOLDERS [illegible]

Will You Give a Book to Cheer Our Soldiers?

"YOU CAN DO YOUR BIT"

by bringing any volumes you can spare from your own collection to The Public Library, to be forwarded to Army Camps, the Front and the Hospitals.

Magazines Not Over Two Years Old Will Be Welcome

LOCAL DASHES

Fish of all kinds at Clark's Branch. Tel. 183.

Business at the postoffice was never so heavy.

Very heavy travel is noted from the East.

...s of Shoals haddock at Clark's Branch. Tel. 183.

Further extensions are to be made at the coal docks.

Rather cool for out of door celebrations.

People are leaving the beaches this week in large numbers.

Lobsters and fresh fish of all kinds, caught by our own boats, fresh every day. E. Jameson & Sons. Tel. 345.

Portsmouth people should patronize the Navy Aid ball at Freeman's hall on Friday evening.

Velie automobiles. C. E. Woods, Kelsher trucks, C. E. Woods, Bow street.

As a result of the lawn party given by the Pythian Sisters last Friday the Red Cross will receive $25.

Lawn Party, Wednesday evening, Sept. 12, for the benefit of Portsmouth Council, Knights of Columbus. h s5,1w

Antique furniture restored and upholstered. Hair mattresses renovated. Margeson Bros. Tel. 570.

Sheehan's social dance, Thursday evening, at Moose Club hall. Uniform men welcome.

The grand concert and ball to be given by the Carl Behr Concert company on Monday, Sept. 17, at Freeman's hall, will be one of the great events of the summer of 1917 and prices will be made so that every one can attend. Particulars later.

HOLD MEETING AT HAMPTON BEACH TODAY

The quarterly meeting of the Rockingham County Republican club was held at the Casino, Hampton Beach, this noon with a large attendance. President George W. Lamprey of Exeter, presided. Addresses were made by a number of members and guests. The dinner was at 1 o'clock and was arranged by Kimball Wentworth.

DESERTED MINOR CHILDREN

Deputy Chief of Police Ducker went to Manchester where a former resident of Portsmouth was turned over to him by the Manchester authorities for deserting minor children.

A LETTER

Dear Madam:

It affords me much pleasure to announce the arrival of the very latest novelties of materials and styles in ladies' tailor-made costumes that will be fashionable for the Fall and Winter season of 1917-1918.

Never before have the styles, fabrics and trimmings been so pretty as for this season and my collection is well worthy of your early inspection. My success in the past is due to the fact that patrons are always assured of best quality, correct styles, artistic workmanship and perfect fit.

Thanking you for past favors and soliciting the continuance of same, I am,

Yours respectfully,

The Philadelphia Ladies' Tailor, 179 Congress St., Opposite Public Library. Tel. 496M.

FIRST MEN OF DRAFT ARMY OFF FOR CAMP

Lincoln Spencer Hyde in Command; Many Greet Them at the Depot.

The advance guard of the National Army drafted in this district, reported to the war board promptly today at the appointed hour for instructions and and transportation and other matters connected with their going to the mobilization camp at Ayer.

Every man was in good spirits and it was remarked by several people and members of the war board that no finer specimens of manhood will be added to the new army from any city.

The quota consisted of Lincoln Spencer Hyde of East Kingston, in command; William F. Cronin Portsmouth, second in command; Seth E. Rand, Rye; George Leroy Harriman, Portsmouth; Lawrence V. Reagan, Portsmouth, alternate.

At 12 o'clock everything was arranged and after receiving the best wishes of the war board members and the glad hand from the reporters and several registrants waiting for examination, they were taken in charge of Sheriff Spinney of the board in an auto to the depot where they had lunch and met several of their friends who were there to say farewell. They departed on the 12.18 train over the Portsmouth branch of the Boston and Maine and should be in the camp at Ayer at 4.30 this afternoon.

JUMPS FROM MOVING CAR FOR HIS HAT

Picked Up Unconscious But Escapes With Slight Injuries.

Frank Wiley, a sailor onthe U. S. S. Seattle, a passenger on the 7.05 p. m. electric car for Hampton Beach, on Wednesday evening, fell from the car near Rye Center and was slightly injured. Willy's hat blew off and without waiting for the car to stop, he jumped for the lid.

He was thrown heavily to the ground and when picked up was unconscious. An auto brought him to the Portsmouth hospital where it was found that no bones were broken and that the extent of his injuries was confined to cuts and scratches on the face and head. He later went to the naval hospital.

SATURDAY IS TAG DAY

Next Saturday, September 8th will be Tag Day for the K. of C. war camp fund. This fund which has as its object the furnishing of recreation centers for the moral and social welfare of the men of the army and navy while in the concentration camps here and abroad, is worthy of the support of everyone and the local council hope that this public appeal will meet with a most generous response.

ENTERTAINMENT FOR NAVY LEAGUE AT GREENLAND

The entertainment at Greenland given on the academy grounds for the benefit of the Woman's Branch of the Navy League attracted a large crowd. The affair was under the direction of Miss Lucy M. Hoyt and the cast was finely balanced and each member made a hit. Given out of doors with a setting representing a garden scene, with electric lights, the picture was a beautiful one to look upon. The costumes were suited to each character and they came from Boston. The whole undertaking showed much time given to every detail and the participants are entitled to a great deal of credit. The play was most elaborate in every particular and one of the most successful out of door entertainments of the season.

Miss Hoyt showed her skill in management and the orchestra of six pieces added greatly to the completeness of the affair.

The program:

(By Maud Inch W. Rhys-Herbert)

Iamit, a well-meaning but fussy little monarch ..... William Snow Bulbul, his beauteous daughter.... Bertha Ware

Caspian, an amiable young prince.. F. W. Lambertson

Ida, the court chaperon ..... Florence Weeks

Lilla, a friend of Bulbul ..... Mildred Howard

Alain, a friend of Caspian ..... Walter Hawley

Dosay, a keeper of the royal spectacles ..... Albert Hatch

Justo, keeper of the royal cash box... Moses Howard

Chorus

Maids of Honor.

Friends of Caspian.

Lords and Ladies of the Court.

House Maids.

Scene:

Act I. Garden of Palace. Afternoon.

Act II. Ball room of the Palace. Evening of the same day.

FORMER CITY CLERK ENTERS GOVT. SERVICE

Frederick E. Drew, former city clerk and for many years in the newspaper field has been appointed field deputy in the Internal Revenue Department. The position is in the classified civil service and Mr. Drew has been assigned to the Boston district. He is at the local office for a few days to receive instructions. His friends are extending him congratulations upon his success.

HEAVY BUSINESS AT POSTOFFICE

Postmaster Dow reports the largest business in the history of the local postoffice at the close of business Aug. 31. The record was made by a much reduced force and when previous records are taken into consideration it shows wonderful work on the part of the force.

MEN SOON TO LEAVE TRAINING CAMP

It looks as though the training camp at the navy yard would be closed soon. The men there are now fit for sea service and orders are expected daily for their departure. There are about 1400 awaiting orders.

HELP KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS $3,000,000 WAR CAMP FUND! TAG DAY, SATURDAY, SEPT. 8.

War Camp Fund, for the establishment of recreation centers at all the concentration camps and behind the line in France. To provide buildings, lecture halls, libraries, shower baths, postage, amusement, to give them an opportunity to meet their relatives when they come to visit them. Tag day for this fund, Saturday, Sept. 8.

h s5. 4t

SCHOOL NOTICE.

The public schools of Kittery will open Sept. 17, and the schools of Eliot Sept. 10.

LEON P. SPINNEY,
Supt. of Schools.

NEW MOTOR BUS ROUTE

NEWINGTON SERVICE. STARTING MONDAY, AUG. 27

a regular motor bus line between Portsmouth-Newington Shipbuilding plant.

Leave Portsmouth, in front of Allinson's drug store, 10 a. m., 2 and 4 p. m.

Leave Newington, 10.30 a. m., 2.30 and 4.30 p. m.

Fair each way 15 cents. Taking or leaving passengers on route.

Extra trips will be added when needed.

HERALD HEARS

That the latest booze movement into the state of Maine is made in the inner tube of automobiles.

That this method of getting John Barleycorn into the dry zone was working good for a while.

That it might have had the sheriffs buffaloed till further orders if somebody had not leaked.

That the soldiers agree that a kiss is the cream of ta-ta.

That the boy who pleases his mother by keeping a white pair of stockings clean all day has a puzzling future.

That a Dover man by the name of Hayes is cutting the high cost of living.

That he has a flock of Rhode Island Red pullets that are producing eggs at the age of five months and eight days.

That perhaps some of the hen fanciers at Newington, Eliot or Kittery might beat out the record with some of their juvenile birds.

That William P. Murphy of Haverhill has refused to submit himself for physical examination for the National Army.

That no appeal by his friends and relatives appears to change his view.

That he declares that his only reason is that he would be helping England by fighting in the United States army.

That he has been held in bonds of $500 by the U. S. Commissioner.

USING IT FOR STORAGE.

The coaling plant at Frenchmen's bay, which comes under the Portsmouth navy yard, for some years out of commission, has been opened for storage purposes. For several days a crew of longshoremen from Portland have been working there discharging freight.

SOME CUCUMBER.

J. Frank Parsons, baggagemaster on the Portsmouth and Dover branch of the Boston and Maine, has been exhibiting a cuke raised in his garden at Dover. Farmers and expert garden men say that it is the largest seen in Strafford county so far this season. It measured nine inches.

NOTICE.

All Union barber shops close on Thursday at 12 o'clock noon. Look for the Union Card.

O. JOHNSON.
W. HOYT.
E. E. WHITEHOUSE.
T. SHERRY.
OLIVER & HOLLAND,
A. H. GREEN.
C. PATRIQUEN.
F. B. TULLY.
P. D. COCHRAN.
I. B. I. U. Local, 370.

DR. HYDE SEES THIRD SON ENTER SERVICE

Dr. George B. Hyde of Kingston came here today to witness the departure of his son Spencer with the first division from this city for the Ayer camp. Dr. Hyde has given three of his sons to the service in the last two months.

Two enlisted with the National Guard and he expected they would remain in the company together but they have been separated. He is glad that they are able to go to the defense of our country but he does not endorse the methods used in inducing the men to enlist at the outset.

HAND CAUGHT IN CIRCULAR SAW

Workman Injured at Navy Yard on Wednesday.

Jeremiah Crowley of Hanover street, employed at the navy yard, sustained a bad laceration of the index and middle finger of the right hand on Wednesday. The accident occurred while he was at work on a circular saw in the foundry. He was treated at the yard hospital. Amputation was not found necessary.

FIFTY-NINE NOW IN DRAFT ARMY

District Board Denies Appeal of Morris Salden; More Claims Filed Today.

Fifty-six out of sixty-eight men in the third call of registrants in the draft army reported to the war board this forenoon and thirty out of that number had made the physical examination at noon. The following filed claims for exemption:

Steve Harnouski, Portsmouth, alien.

Nicholas Vergades, Portsmouth, alien.

William T. Summerfield, Hampton Falls, married man.

Jacob Swartz, Portsmouth, alien.

John W. Hickey, Portsmouth, alien.

Robert Emmett Hunkins, Portsmouth, married man.

Cecil Downing, Portsmouth, navy yard workman.

Hugh Kaye Eldredge, Portsmouth, alien.

Daniel A. McMaster, Portsmouth, married man.

Leavitt B. Brown, Hampton, exemption claimed by wife.

Guiseppe Bardinati, Portsmouth, alien.

William E. Mercer, Portsmouth, navy yard workman.

Ralph M. Reed, Portsmouth, married man.

The district board has denied the appeal of Morris Salden for exemption. The local board had previously denied him further time to submit his proof for exemption on the ground of being an alien.

Up to today the board has 59 in this district certified for the National Army. Sixteen more are required and it is expected that the necessary number will be found in the ranks of the 200 to be examined this week.

POLICE COURT

POLICE COURT .....

Alex Chipnick and Fred Dochl were in the trenches on Vaughan street early this morning and in the trenches in the hall of municipal justice this forenoon. Alex and Fred came home at midnight after consuming more than their share of the output of Northend exhilarating parlors and started a debate on the war. The Chinaman down stairs was sleeping quietly when the argument broke but later he was forced to desert his dreaming bag and investigate. By this time Alex and Fred were conducting a punching fest and the Chinaman sent out the S. O. S. call. Officers Kelley and McCafferty told the fireside warriors to suspend operations and go into the Chapel street camp. Today they made a good recovery, but didn't care to talk much to the court. The battle cost each of them $12.60 and they remitted it to the clerk.

STETSON

An Invitation to See the New Fall Hats

You young men—you well-dressed men of any age—come and make yourselves at home among the smart new Stetsons at our store.

Ever since the new Stetsons arrived, we have been trying them on, studying the effects on different faces of each modification of crown, brim and trimming. If you wish, we can quickly show you several which will look as though they had been designed for you personally.

Characterful, masculine, the American Spirit through and through—that's the Stetson feeling for Fall.

HENRY PEYSER & SON.

FRANK W. KNIGHT SHOE TALKS

10 Market St. "SHOES OF QUALITY" Portsmouth

Shoes for the Comfort of Our Soldiers

and other men who need to be sturdily shod, but must not sacrifice comfort, and have to have shoes that are sure to give the maximum amount of service at a minimum price.

These shoes are built upon the approved Munson army lasts from the latest patterns, solid Russia leather and prepared to shed water. Price $5.50.

MIONE SOAP

Machinists, Painetrs, Automobilists, Engineers and Mechanics should use this Soap for removing all stains, grease and paint from the hands.

This Soap is very useful for scouring pots and pans.

PRICE 10 CENTS

For a large tin box.

PRYOR-DAVIS CO.,

THE OLD HARDWARE SHOP,

Tel. 509. 36 Market St., Portsmouth

For Sale

191 Daniel St.

Fourteen rooms, bath, furnace, would make good lodging house. Price $3000.

189 Fleet St.

Five-room house; rents for $11. Price $1000.

BUTLER & MARSHALL
5 Market St.

For Sale

7 Room House
In Good Location
Price $1700

FRED GARDNER
Glebe Building.

Made in the light by men in white. All cans and utensils sterilized with live steam. The sanitary factory of Portsmouth.

Miss S. J. Zoller of Boston
ELECTRIC NEEDLE SPECIALIST
Removes Superfluous Hair.
Will be at Hair Dressing Parlor of
Mrs. Ida A. Nelson,
4 Globe Building, Sept 15
'Phone Appointments There.

HAMPTON BEACH CARNIVAL

Is Now Taking Place

2 BIG STAGE SHOWS DAILY
FIREWORKS DISPLAY NIGHTLY
PARADES, PAGEANTS, SPORTS,
BAND CONCERTS, AUTO RACES,
BABY SHOW, ILLUMINATION
CONFETTI BATTLES

Firemen's Muster Tuesday

EIGHT ROOM HOUSE

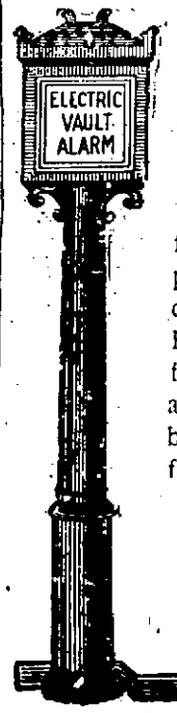
Dennett St., Portsmouth

Corner lot with good garage, bath, hot water heat, electric light, cemented cellar, large garden. For sale on low terms.

GEORGE A. WOOD
18 Market Square (On Ground Floor)
Portsmouth, N. H.

A. P. WENDELL & CO.

Automobile Supplies
Tennis Goods
Fishing Tackle
Golf Clubs
Thermos Bottles



UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY
ORGANIZED 1824

ALL LIVE BUSINESS HOUSES

firms, and individuals recognize the importance of a strong, reliable banking connection. Choose the First National Bank as your depositary, obtaining safety and satisfactory service. Checking accounts are invited. We issue interest bearing certificates of deposit for idle funds.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
PORTSMOUTH, N.H.